# **1025 Diploma in Production Engineering**

# Program Outcomes (PO's)

POs are statements that describe what students are expected to know and be able to do upon graduating from the program. These relate to the skills, knowledge, analytical ability, attitude, and behavior that students acquire through the program.

The POs essentially indicate what the students can do from subject-wise knowledge acquired by them during the program. As such, POs define the professional profile of an engineering diploma graduate.

NBA has defined the following seven POs for an Engineering diploma graduate:

**P01:** Basic and Discipline-specific knowledge: Apply knowledge of basic mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to solve the engineering problems.

**P02:** Problem analysis: Identify and analyse well-defined engineering problems using codified standard methods.

**PO3:** Design/ development of solutions: Design solutions for well-defined technical problems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs.

**PO4:** Engineering Tools, Experimentation, and Testing: Apply modern engineering tools and appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.

**P05:** Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment: Apply appropriate technology in the context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.

**P06:** Project Management: Use engineering management principles individually, asa team member or as a leader to manage projects and effectively communicate about well-defined engineering activities.

**P07:** Life-long learning: Ability to analyse individual needs and engage in updating in the context of technological changes.

# **Credit Distribution**

Semester	No of Courses	Periods	Credits
Semester I	8	640	20
Semester II	9	640	20
Semester III	8	640	21
Semester IV	7	640	19
Semester V	8	635#	22
Semester VI	3	660	18
		Total	120

# Industrial Training during Summer vacation for Two Weeks has to be completed to earn the required two credits.

	Semester I										
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam			
1	Humanities & Social Science	Theory	1000231110	Tamil Marabu	2-0-0	30	2	Theory			
2	Basic Science	Theory	1000231230	Basic Mathematics	3-1-0	60	4	Theory			
3	Basic Science	Practicum	1000231330	Basic Physics	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
4	Basic Science	Practicum	1000231430	Basic Chemistry	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
5	Engineering Science	Practical	1000231520	Digital Workplace Skills	0-0-4	60	2	Practical			
6	Humanities & Social Science	Practicum	1000231640	Communicative English I	1-0-2	45	2	Practical			
7	Engineering Science	Practicum	1000231740	Basic Workshop Practices	1-0-2	45	2	Practical			
8	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1000231860	Basic English for Employability	0-0-4	60	2	Practical			
9	Humanities & Social Science	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231880	Growth Lab	-	15	0	-			
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231881	Induction Program - I	-	40	0	-			
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives	-	30	0	-			
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231883	Shop Floor Immersion	-	8	0	-			
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231884	Student-Led Initiative	-	22	0	-			
14	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231886	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-			
				Test	& Revisions	60		NA			
					Library	15					
					Total	640	20				

# GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU DEPARTMENT OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY – REGULATION 2023

# **1025 DIPLOMA IN PRODUCTION ENGINEERING (FT)**

	Semester II											
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam				
1	Humanities & Social Science	Theory	1000232110	Tamils and Technology	2-0-0	30	2	Theory				
2	Program Core	Theory	1020232210	Basics of Mechanical Engineering	3-0-0	45	3	Theory				
3	Engineering Science	Lab	1000232320	Drafting Practices	0-0-4	60	2	Practical				
4	Basic Science	Practicum	1000232440	Applied Mathematics – I	1-0-4	75	3	Practical				
5	Basic Science	Practicum	1000232540	Applied Physics – I	1-0-2	45	2	Practical				
6	Basic Science	Practicum	1000232640	Applied Chemistry – I	1-0-2	45	2	Practical				
7	Engineering Science	Practicum	1000232740	Basic Engineering Practices	1-0-2	45	2	Practical				
8	Humanities & Social Science	Practicum	1000232840	Communicative English – II	1-0-2	45	2	Practical				
9	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1000232860	Advanced Skills Certification - II	1-0-2	45	2	NA				
10	Humanities & Social Science	Integrated Learning Experience	1000232880	Growth Lab	-	30	0	-				
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000232882	I&E/ Club Activity / Community Initiatives		30	0	-				
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000232883	Shop Floor Immersion	-	8	0	-				
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000232884	Student Led Initiative	-	24	0	-				
14	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000232885	Emerging Technology Seminars	-	8	0	-				
15	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000232886	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-				
Test & Revisions 60								NA				
					Library	15						
	Total 640 20											

	Semester III									
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam		
1	Program Core	Theory	1025233110	Production Technology	3-0-0	45	3	Theory		
2	Program Core	Practicum	1020233230	Strength of Materials	3-0-2	75	4	Theory		
3	Program Core	Practical/Lab	1020233320	Workshop Practices	0-0-4	60	2	Practical		
4	Program Core	Practicum	1020233440	Industrial drives and control	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
5	Program Core	Practicum	1020233540	Production Drawing and Modeling	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
6	Program Core	Practicum	1025233640	Metrology and Metallography	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
7	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1025233760	Advanced Skills Certification - III	1-0-2	60	2	NA		
8	Humanities & Social Science	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233880	Growth Lab	-	30	0	-		
9	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233881	Induction Program - II	-	16	0	-		
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives	-	16	0	-		
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233883	Shop floor Immersion	-	8	0	-		
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233884	Student-Led Initiative	-	22	0	-		
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233885	Emerging Technology Seminars	-	8	0	-		
14	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025233886	Health & Wellness	0-0-2	30	1	-		
Test & Revisions 30							NA			
Library					Library	15				
	Total 640 21									

	Semester IV									
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam		
1	Program Core	Theory	1020234110	Advanced Manufacturing Technology	3-0-0	45	3	Theory		
2	Program Core	Practicum	1020234230	Fluid Mechanics	2-0-2	60	3	Theory		
3	Program Core	Practical/Lab	1025234320	Metal Cutting, CNC Machines and 3D Printing	0-0-4	60	2	Practical		
4	Program Core	Practicum	1025234440	Mechanical Instrumentation	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
5	Program Core	Practicum	1025234540	Thermal Engineering and Automobile Technology	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
6	Program Core	Practicum	1025234640	Applied Hydraulics and Pneumatics	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
7	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1025234760	Advanced Skills Certification - IV	1-0-2	60	2	NA		
8	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025234882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives	-	30	0	-		
9	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025234883	Shop floor Immersion	-	8	0	-		
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025234884	Student-Led Initiative	-	24	0	-		
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025234885	Emerging Technology Seminars	-	8	0	-		
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025234886	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-		
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025234887	Special Interest Groups (Placement Training)	-	30	0	-		
Test & Revisions						30				
					Library	30				
	Total 640 19									

	Semester V										
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam			
1	Program Core	Theory	1020235110	Elements of Machine Design	3-0-0	45	3	Theory			
2	Program Core	Practicum	1020235230	Industrial Engineering and Management	3-0-2	75	4	Theory			
3	Program Elective	Practicum		Elective - I	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
4	Program Core	Practicum	1020235440	Maintenance, Repairs & Service	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
5	Program Elective	Practicum		Elective - II	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
6	Humanities & Social Science	Practicum	1020235654	Innovation & Startup	1-0-2	45	2	Project			
7	Project/Internship	Project/Internship	1025235773	Industrial Training* [Summer Vacation - 90 Hours]	-	-	2	Project			
8	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1025235860	Advanced Skills Certification - V	1-0-2	60	2	NA			
9	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025235981	Induction program - III	-	40	0	-			
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025235984	Student-Led Initiative	-	30	0	-			
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025235986	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-			
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1025235987	Special Interest Groups (Placement Training)	-	40	0	-			
				Test &	Revisions	45					
					Library	15					
	Total 635 22										

	Semester VI									
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam		
1	Open Elective	Theory		Electives - III (Pathway)	3-0-0	45	3	Theory		
2	Open Elective	Practicum		Elective - IV (Specialisation)	1-0-4	75	3	Practical		
3	Industrial Training / Project	Project/Internship		In-house Project / Internship /Fellowship **	-	540	12	Project		
					Total	660	18			
3	Industrial Training / Project	Project/Internship	1025236351	Internship	-	540	12	Project		
3	Industrial Training / Project	Project/Internship	1025236353	Fellowship	-	540	12	Project		
3	Industrial Training / Project	Project/Internship	1025236374	In-house Project	-	540	12	Project		

Note: \*\* Every student should select any one from the In-House Project or Internship or Fellowship. The guidelines given have to be followed.

	Elective - I										
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam			
1	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235331	Modern QC Tools	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
2	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235332	Composite Materials	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
3	Program Elective	Practicum	1025235333	Process Planning and Cost Estimation	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
4	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235334	Value Engineering	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
5	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235335	Green Manufacturing	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
6	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235336	Lean Manufacturing	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
7	Program Elective	Practicum		Inter discipline course #	2-0-2	60	3	Theory			
# C	# Courses from other programmes with the same credit can be considered after proper approval from the Chairman Board of Examinations.										
				Elective - II							
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam			
1	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235541	CNC Programming	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
2	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235542	Systems Applications and Product (SAP)	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
3	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235543	Industrial IoT	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
4	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235544	Advanced Welding Technologies	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
5	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235545	Industrial Robotics	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
6	Program Elective	Practicum	1025235546	Jigs, Fixtures and Press Tool Design	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			
7	Program Elective	Practicum	1020235547	Automobile Technology	1-0-4	75	3	Practical			

	Elective - III (Pathway)								
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam	
1	Elective   Higher Education	Theory	6000236111	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
2	Elective   Entrepreneurship	Theory	6000236112	Entrepreneurship	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
3	Elective   Technocrats	Theory	6000236113	Project Management	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
4	Elective   Technocrats	Theory	6000236114	Finance Fundamentals	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
5	Elective   Technologists	Theory	1020236115	Industry 4.0	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
6	Elective   Technologists	Theory	1020236116	Additive Manufacturing	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
7	Elective   Technologists	Theory	1020236117	Power Plant Engineering	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	
8	Elective   Open elective	Theory		Online Elective Courses \$	3-0-0	45	3	Theory	

\$ Online courses with the same credit available in AICTE, SWAYAM, NPTEL and reputed Institutions with the proper evaluation system and certification can be considered after proper approval from the Chairman Board of Examinations.

	Elective - IV (Specialization)								
#	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam	
1	Elective	Practicum	1020236241	MEP Equipment Servicing	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
2	Elective	Practicum	1020236242	Maintenance of Machine Tools	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
3	Elective	Practicum	1020236243	Non-Destructive Testing	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
4	Elective	Practicum	1025236244	Production and Operations Management	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
5	Elective	Practicum	1020236245	Product Design & Development	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
6	Elective	Practicum	1020236246	Electric Vehicle Technology	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
7	Elective	Practicum	1020236247	Reverse Engineering	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
8	Elective	Practicum	1020236248	Green Energy & Engineering	1-0-4	75	3	Practical	

THEORY

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

#### Introduction

Production technology is a field that encompasses the techniques and methods used to manufacture products efficiently, consistently, and economically. This syllabus is designed to equip students with a deep understanding of the principles, tools, and practices involved in conventional as well as modern methods of manufacturing. This will provide the students an opportunity to skill themselves in various manufacturing techniques available in the industry. By engaging with this syllabus, students will develop a comprehensive understanding of production technology, preparing them for successful careers in manufacturing and industrial engineering.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student,

- To understand various casting processes, including pattern materials, moulding techniques, melting furnaces, and safety practices in the foundry environment.
- To explain the different types of welding techniques.
- To study the various types of bulk deformation processes, sheet metal forming techniques, and powder metallurgy.
- To learn the construction and operations of lathe, drilling machine and grinding machines.
- To study the construction and working of milling machine and reciprocating machines.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Discuss the various types of patterns, moulding process and casting techniques.

CO2: Explain the various welding techniques and welding defects.

CO3: Explain the various types of bulk deformation processes, sheet metal forming techniques, and powder metallurgy.

CO4: Describe the construction and operations of lathe, drilling machine and grinding machines.

CO5: Discuss the construction and working of milling machine and reciprocating machines.

#### Pre-requisites: Nil



1025233110		L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY	PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

CO/PO Mapping

CO / PO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	2	2	2	2	-	1
C02	3	2	2	3	2	-	1
C03	3	2	2	2	2	-	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	-	1
C05	3	2	2	2	2	-	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Instructional Strategy

- Conduct group discussions on various types of machine tools.
- Encourage students to know about the latest technological developed in machine tools.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible



THEORY

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

#### Assessment Methodology

		Continuous	Assessment (40	marks)	End Semester Examination
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	(60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two Units)	Written test (Another Two Units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to Marks	15	15	05	20	60
Marks	15		05	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6 <sup>th</sup> week	12 <sup>th</sup> week	13-14 <sup>th</sup> week	16 <sup>th</sup> week	

**CA1 and CA2**: Assessment Written tests should be conducted for 50 marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1 and CA2: Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer 5 Questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks)

Eight questions will be asked, Students should write 5 questions. Each unit four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.



**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

## SYLLABUS CONTENTS

Unit I	FOUNDRY TECHNOLOGY	
Chapter1. type, loos moulding furnace –	1: Foundry: Pattern – pattern materials – types – single piece (solid), split e piece and match plate only – allowances – moulding – mould boxes – sand – properties – core – CO <sub>2</sub> core making. Melting Furnaces – cupola crucible furnace – electric arc furnaces.	
Chapter1. die castin casting – practices	2: Casting Processes: Sand casting using green sand and dry sand – gravity g – pressure die casting – hot and cold chamber processes – centrifugal continuous casting – defects in casting – causes and remedies - safety in foundry.	9



L	Т	Ρ	С
З	0	0	3

Unit II	WELDING TECHNOLOGY				
Chapter 2	.1: Basic Welding Processes: Arc welding – definition – arc welding				
equipment	t – arc welding methods – carbon arc, metal arc, metal inert gas (MIG),				
tungsten i	nert gas (TIG). Gas Welding – gas welding equipment – oxy-acetylene				
welding –	three types of flame.				
		9			
Chapter 2.2: Special Welding Processes: Resistance welding – principle –					
classificat	ion of resistance welding - spot - seam - projection - butt welding -				
plasma ar	c welding – laser beam welding – electron beam welding – soldering and				
brazing - d	efects in welding - causes and remedies -safety practices in welding.				
Unit III	METAL FORMING PROCESSES AND POWDER METALLURGY				
Chapter 3.	1: Bulk Deformation Processes: Difference between hot working and cold				
working – forging – types – drop forging, press forging, upset forging – rolling –					
classificat	ion of rolling mills – extrusion – direct and indirect extrusion.				
Chapter 3	.2: Sheet Metal Forming: Bending operations – shearing operations –				
blanking –	piercing – trimming – notching – lancing – shaving – parting off.				
		0			
Chapter 3	3: Powder Metallurgy (PM): Methods of manufacturing metal powders-	9			
atomizatio	on, reduction and electrolytic deposition – blending – compacting –				
sintering -	· infiltration.				
Unit IV	MACHINING TECHNOLOGY – LATHE, DRILLING MACHINE & GRINDING				
	MACHINES				
Chapter 4.	1: Lathe: Construction – simple sketch with principal parts – work holding				
devices -	three & four jaw chuck, catch plate and carrier, center – lathe operations –				
facing, straight turning, step turning, taper turning, knurling, thread cutting, boring.					



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1025233110		L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3
Chapter 4.2: Drilling Machine: Radial drilling machine – construction – drilling operations – reaming, counter boring, counter sinking, spot facing, tapping.					
Chapter 4.3: Grinding Machines: Cylindrical grinder – centerless grinder – surface grinder – standard marking systems of grinding wheels – dressing and truing of grinding wheels.					9
UNIT V MA	CHINING TECHNOLOGY – MILLING MACHINE & CHINES	RECIP	ROCAT	ING	
Chapter 5.1: Milling Machine: Universal milling machine – construction and working – tool holding devices – arbor – stub arbor – spring collet – adaptor – milling operations – plain milling, face milling, end milling, straddle milling, gang milling – indexing plate – simple indexing and differential indexing. Chapter 5.2: Reciprocating Machines: Construction and working of standard shaper – construction and working of double housing planer – construction and working of horizontal broaching machine – pull broach and push broach.				ing j – er – g of	9
		TOT	ΓAL HO	URS	45
	Assessment Test and Revision w	ith Stuc	lent act	ivity	15*

\*Common Test and Revision periods can be used. 1 Period per week can be used for this subject.

### Suggested list of Students Activity,

- 1. Prepare a green sand mould for the solid and split patterns.
- 2. Practice the basic welding operations.
- 3. Practice the bending and shearing operations in the press.
- 4. Practice the basic lathe, drilling and grinding operations.
- 5. Practice the basic milling and shaping operations.



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THEORY

L	Т	Ρ	С
З	0	0	3

#### **Reference Books:**

- Elements of workshop Technology Volume I&II Hajra Chowdry & Bhattacharaya IIth Edition - Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd.,
- A Text book of workshop Technology R.S.Khurmi & J.K.Gupta 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S.Chand & Co., Ram Nagar, New Delhi – 2018.
- 3. Manufacturing process Begeman -5<sup>th</sup> Edition McGraw Hill, New Delhi 2011.
- 4. Workshop Technology WAJ Chapman Volume I, II, & III Vima Books Pvt. Ltd., 4262/3, Ansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi 110 002.
- 5. Workshop Technology Raghuwanshi Khanna Publishers. Jain & Gupta.
- 6. Production Technology, Edn.XII, Khanna Publishers.
- 7. Production Technology P.C.SHARMA- Edn.X S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Ram nagar, New Delhi 110 055 2006.
- Production Technology HMT Edn.18 published by Tata McGraw Hill publishing Co. Ltd., 7 West Patel nagar, New Delhi 110 008 – 2018.
- Manufacturing Engineering & Technology Serope Kalpakjian & Steven R. Schmid 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Publishing Company, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey - 2020.

#### Web Reference

- 1. <u>https://youtu.be/vplwhrVJ9Co</u>
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/ocBSw\_Je6WU</u>
- 3. https://youtu.be/dkrqAvqDLUY
- 4. https://youtu.be/RWCEgNCfFSI
- 5. https://youtu.be/DJ5Z6cWWJaE
- 6. <u>https://youtu.be/twUAa5LWUvk</u>
- 7. https://youtu.be/u05pVL0AmD4



THEORY

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

#### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

#### Introduction:

Strength of materials is a key subject in mechanical engineering that focuses on how solid objects behave when they are put under various forces and pressures. It's vital it helps us understand and predict if a material can handle certain loads without breaking. Strength of materials is the discipline related to calculation of stresses and strains in structures and mechanical components. It helps engineers make informed decisions about material selection, decision and construction.

#### **Course Objectives:**

Acquire knowledge about selection of materials

Towards developing the theoretical basics about the stress, strain and elastic modulus concepts in various components.

Understand the mechanical behavior of materials.

To solve practical problems related to shafts and springs.

Estimate the stresses induced in thin cylinders.

Understand the basics of engineering materials and their role in the development of societies and industries.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to CO1: Discuss various engineering materials and their mechanical propertiesCO2: Compute the effects various loads on materials CO3: Analyse the shaft using the principles of pure torsionCO4: Analyse the springs in various load conditions CO5: Determine the various dimensions of thin cylinders under various load conditions

### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge of basic mathematics and Science



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1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

### **CO/PO Mapping**

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	2	3	3				
C02	2	3	3	2			
C03	3	3	3				
C04	3	3	3				
C05	3	1	3	2			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Instructional Strategy:

The instructional strategy for teaching strength of materials in polytechnic colleges emphasizes practical application and industry relevance.

Through a curriculum aligned with the state technical education board, the syllabus is broken down into manageable units, prioritizing topics pertinent to Indian engineering contexts.

Visual aids, bilingual explanations, and hands-on demonstrations are utilized to accommodate linguistic diversity and enhance understanding.

Incorporating industry examples and field visit to construction sites and manufacturing facilities fosters experiential learning.

Assessment methods include practical assessment, written exams, and peer learning initiatives, complemented by career guidance to inform students about opportunities in mechanical engineering.

Continuous feedback mechanisms ensure the refinement and effectiveness of the instructional approach.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
З	0	2	4

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 marks)	)	End Somostor
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (Any Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximumtwo subdivisions shall be permitted.

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

### The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise observation and calculations should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or printed manual or file. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

SI.No.	Description	Marks
А	Aim / Apparatus required	10
В	Procedure / Observation	20
С	Formula / Calculation	20
D	Result / Graph	10
Е	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

#### **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

#### **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I	SELECTION OF MATERIALS	
Theory:		9
Engineering	) materials:	
Introduction	to engineering materials- Ferrous and Non Ferrous materials - material	
selection-fa	ctors affecting the selection of materials-procedure for materials	
selection.		
Advanced	materials - smart materials and nanomaterials-classification of	
nanomateri	als – applications.	
Hardness te	est:	
Brinell hard	lness test, Rockwell hardness test, Vickers Hardness test – Shore	
Hardness T	est ( Durometer) - Knowledge on Micro Hardness test	
Practical:		3
EXPERIMEN	JT : 1.	
Hardness T	est: Determination of Rockwell hardness number for various materials	
like mild st	eel, high carbon steel, brass, copper, aluminium and Plastics (Any Two	
Materials).		



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	2	4

Unit II	DEFORMATION OF METALS	
Theory:		9
Simple stre	sses and strains: Definition - load, stress and strain - classification of	
force syster	ns - tensile, compressive and shear force systems– Definition - Hooke's	
law -Young's	modulus - working stress, factor of safety, load factor, shear stress and	
shear strair	- modulus of rigidity - deformation due to tension and compressive	
forces - sim	ple problems in tension, compression and shear force.	
Mechanical	testing of materials: Tensile test of mild steel in UTM - stress strain	
diagram - lir	nit of proportionality - elastic limit -yield stress - breaking stress - ultimate	
stress - perc	entage of an elongation and percentage reduction in area ( no problems)-	
fatigue test	- creep test.	
Practical:		4
EXPERIMEN	IT : 2.	
Tensile Tes	t on materials : Determine young's modulus of elasticity, yield stress,	
ultimate st	ress, breaking stress, percentage of elongation and percentage of	
reduction in	area of a given specimen ( Mild steel, Cast Iron , Aluminium, Brass) (Any	
one materia	I) and plot stress strain diagram.	
Unit III	ELASTIC CONSTANTS AND STRAIN ENERGY	
Theory:		9
Elastic cons	tants: Definition - lateral strain – poison's ratio - volumetric strain - bulk	
modulus -	volumetric strain of rectangular and circular bars (No derivation) -	
problems co	onnecting linear, lateral and volumetric deformation – Simple problems	
on elastic co	onstants.	
Strain energ	y: Definition - proof resilience - modulus of resilience - the expression for	
strain energ	y stored in a bar due to axial load - instantaneous stresses due to sudden	
and impact	loads (No derivation) - problems computing instantaneous	
stress and d	eformation in sudden and impact loadings.	



1020233230    STRENGTH OF MATERIALS      PRACTICUM    Practical:      EXPERIMENT : 3.    Impact test : Find the impact strength of the given spector      Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod test    Unit IV      Theory:    Theory:	imen ( Mi est and Ch	L 3 Id steel	T 0 I, Cast Ir est.	P 2 ron,	C 4 3
PRACTICUM      Practical:      EXPERIMENT : 3.      Impact test : Find the impact strength of the given spect      Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod te      Unit IV    THEORY OF TORSION      Theory:	imen ( Mi est and Ch	3 Id steel harpy te	0 I, Cast Ir est.	2 ron,	3
Practical:      EXPERIMENT : 3.      Impact test : Find the impact strength of the given spect      Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod te      Unit IV    THEORY OF TORSION      Theory:	imen ( Mi est and Ch	ld steel narpy te	l, Cast Ir est.	ron,	3
Practical:      EXPERIMENT : 3.      Impact test : Find the impact strength of the given spec      Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod te      Unit IV    THEORY OF TORSION      Theory:      Targing:	imen ( Mi est and Ch	ld steel harpy te	l, Cast Ir est.	ron,	3
EXPERIMENT: 3.      Impact test : Find the impact strength of the given spec      Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod te      Unit IV    THEORY OF TORSION      Theory:      Tereion:	imen ( Mi est and Ch	ld steel narpy te	l, Cast Ir est.	ron,	
Impact test : Find the impact strength of the given spec      Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod te      Unit IV    THEORY OF TORSION      Theory:      Tereion:    Theory of tereion	est and Ch	id steel harpy te	i, Cast ir est.	ron,	
Aluminium and Brass) (Any Two materials) using izod to      Unit IV    THEORY OF TORSION      Theory:      Tornion:    Theory of tornion	est and Cr	harpy te	est.		
Theory:					
Theory:					
Terrier Theory of torsion accumptions torsion accurtic					9
TOISION: THEORY OF LOISION - ASSUMPTIONS - TOISION EQUATION	$\frac{T}{J} = \frac{f_s}{R} =$	<u>сө</u> 1			
(no derivation)- strength of solid and hollow shafts - power	transmitte	ed - defi	nition - r	oolar	
modulus – sectional modulus - torsional rigidity - stren	gth and s	tiffness	s of sha	afts -	
comparison of hollow and solid shafts in weight an	o d strengt	h cons	ideratic	ons -	
advantages of hollow shafts over solid shafts – shear st	ress distri	ibution	- proble	ems.	
Material testing: Torsion testing machine (Description o	nly).		•		
Practical:					4
EXPERIMENT : 4.					
Torsion test: Determine the shear stress and modu	lus of rig	jidity o	of the g	given	
specimen (Mild steel, Cast Iron, Aluminium and Brass)	(Any two	materi	als) usi	ing a	
Torsion testing machine.					
Unit V SPRINGS AND THIN CYLINDERS					
					9
Theory:				1	
Theory: Springs: Types of springs - laminated and coiled spring -	applicatio	ons-typ	pes of c	oiled	
Theory: Springs: Types of springs - laminated and coiled spring - springs - difference between open and closely coiled he	applicatic elical sprir	ons-typ ngs-c	bes of co loselyco	oiled oiled	
Theory: Springs: Types of springs - laminated and coiled spring - springs - difference between open and closely coiled he helical spring subjected to an axial load (no derivation) - p	applicatic elical sprir problems	ons-typ ngs-c to dete	oes of co loselyco rmine s	oiled oiled hear	
Theory: Springs: Types of springs - laminated and coiled spring - springs - difference between open and closely coiled he helical spring subjected to an axial load (no derivation) - p stress, deflection, stiffness and resilience of closed coil	applicatic elical sprir problems helical sp	ons - typ ngs - c to dete prings.	bes of co loselyco rmine s	oiled oiled hear	
Theory: Springs: Types of springs - laminated and coiled spring - springs - difference between open and closely coiled he helical spring subjected to an axial load (no derivation) - p stress, deflection, stiffness and resilience of closed coil	applicatic elical sprir problems helical sp	ons - typ ngs - c to dete prings.	bes of co loselyco rmine s	oiled oiled hear	



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

Thin cylinders: Definition - thin cylindrical shell - failure of thin cylindrical shell	
subjected to internal pressure - hoop and longitudinal stresses causes in thin	
cylindrical shell subjected to internal pressure (no derivation) - simple problems -	
change in dimensions of a thin cylindrical shell subjected to internal pressure -	
problems	
Practical:	6
EXPERIMENT : 5.	
Test on springs of circular section: Determine the modulus of rigidity and strain	
energy, and stiffness of the open coiled helical springs.	
EXPERIMENT : 6.	
Determine the modulus of rigidity and strain energy, and stiffness of the closed	
coiled helical springs.	
Revision + Test + Students Activity	10
TOTAL HOURS	75

### Suggested List of Students Activity:

Other than the classroom learning, the following are the suggested student related co-curricular activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course.

- Conduct a survey, specific to properties of various types of materials used in mechanical engineering and prepare a report.
- Compare the strength of the solid shaft with that of hollow shaft for the same power transmission for an automobile and make a report.
- Students can be given practices in the Virtual Labs | Mechanical Engineering (vlab.co.in). This can be given to a team of students and make them prepare a report.



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

**Sample Experiments:** Four bar mechanism, Slider crank mechanism, Elliptical Trammel, Cam Mechanism, Linkage Model, Crank and Slotted Mechanism, Whitworth Mechanism, Straight Line Mechanism, Universal Joint etc..

### Text and Reference books:

- 1. Dr. P.Purushothama Raj, V. Ramasamy, Strength of Materials, Pearson Edition 2013.
- 2. Dr. R K Bansal, strength of materials, 5th edition , Laxmi publications private limited, 2013.
- 3. R S Khurmi, strength of materials, edition 2019, S Chand publications, 2019.
- 4. B K Sarkar, strength of materials, 10th edition, tata McGraw hill education private limited, 2012.
- 5. R K Rajput, materials science and engineering, 5th edition, S K Kataria and sons publications, 2024

#### Web reference:

- https://youtu.be/GkFgysZC4Vc?si=j-q-9UMmeDg64YNB
- https://youtu.be/uA\_HqCGo8Pg?si=q03sPw7010ot0BdT
- https://youtu.be/WERoSRcnafA?si=b7Xv3RI1s8LvSUhw

### Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Portions.

1. Universal testing machine.	01
2. Rockwell's hardness testing machine.	01
3. Impact testing machine.	01
4. Torsion testing machine.	01
5. Spring testing machine	01
Required instruments and consumables.	



#### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

### Introduction:

Diploma technocrats frequently encounter diverse manufacturing processes. This course workshop practice aims to enhance student's comprehension of manufacturing methods, like Welding, Soldering, Brazing and use of Power tools.

### **Course Objectives:**

- To identify the tools and equipment used in workshop practice.
- Perform welding operations to make different types of joints.
- Identify the different welding defects.
- Practical skills on Soldering, Brazing and power tools.
- Prepare a record of work for all the exercises.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Recall the safety procedure followed on the shop floor.
- CO2: Demonstrate skills in all types of welding.
- CO3: Acquire skills on soldering.
- CO4: Acquire skills on Brazing.
- CO5: Demonstrate skills on the use of Power tools.

### Pre-requisites:

Basic Workshop Practices and Basic Engineering Practices.



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1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

### CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	2			3			1
C02	2			3	1		
C03	2			3			
C04	2			3			
C05	2			3			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### Instructional Strategy:

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities ina simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.
- Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment outcomes and analyze potential sources of error in case of discrepancies



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PRACTICAL

L	Т	Ρ	С
0	0	4	2

21

### Assessment Methodology:

	C	ontinuous Asses	ssment (40 mark	s)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Practical Document	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	First Cycle	Second Cycle	All Exercises	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	Regularly	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	10	20	60
Marks	10		10	20	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

 CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments as per the portions mentioned above should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded will be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks. Cycle I: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Cycle II: 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.



PRACTICAL

L	Т	Ρ	С
0	0	4	2

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#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Preparation	20
С	Welding / Cutting/ Joining	20
	TOTAL	50

 CA 3: Practical document should be maintained for every exercise immediately after completion of the practice. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the internal assessment. The practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test and End Semester Examination with a bonafide certificate

### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or printed manual or in a file with the documents. The procedure and sketch should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

• **CA 4:** All the exercises should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test (CA4) should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment.



1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks
Α	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Procedure	20
С	Preparation	20
D	Welding / Cutting/ Joining	20
E	Accuracy / Tool Handling / Finish / Result	20
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100

### **Syllabus Contents**

Introduction	Period
BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS CODE OF PRACTICE FOR SAFETY AND HEALTH	
REQUIREMENTS IN ELECTRIC AND GAS WELDING AND CUTTING OPERATIONS -	
IS : 818 - 1968	
Fire prevention and protection-Protection of personnel - general and protective	
equipment- Work in confined spaces - ventilation and health protection.	
Soldering - Basic principles – Brazing – Basic principles.	

### **Practical Exercises**

#### 40 Periods

- 1. Lap joint Arc Welding (RawMaterial: 40 mm x 10 mm MS flat)
- 2. T- Joint Arc Welding (RawMaterial: 40 mm x 10 mm MS flat)
- 3. Butt Joint (TIG / MIG Welding) (RawMaterial: MS Pipe / MS Square tube)
- Profile cutting circular profile Gas cutting. (Raw Material: 100 x 100 mm X 6mm M.S.Flat)



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

- 5. Lap joint Gas Welding (Raw Material: 10G Mild Steel)
- Spot welding Lap joint Make a tray and join the vulnerable points (Minimum 8 Points) (Raw Material: GI/MS Sheet 22 G).
- 7. Solder as per the given circuit diagram.
- 8. Braze the joints of the copper tube. Prepare the tube with Cutting, bending, flaring, Swaging and pinching practice.
- Dismantle and Assemble the Bolt/Nut using wrench power tools. (Pneumatic / Electric).
  (Sample Exercise Flange / Cylinder head / Remove Tire from the disc / etc...)
- Profile cutting Using Jigsaw/Craftsman cutter/Reciprocating cutter. (Raw Material: 100 x 100 mm X 6 mm M.S.Flat / Wood)

# **Test & Revision**

## Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Study the welding symbols and welding testing procedure.
- 2. List Causes of welding defects and suggest remedies.
- 3. Practices in Soldering and Brazing. Compare the soldering and brazing process.
- 4. Enumerate safety guidelines and precautions for a welding shop.
- 5. Inspect the assembly lines in an Industry and submit a report.

## Text and Reference Books:

- 1. Manufacturing Technology Vol-1 by P N RAO, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Manufacturing Technology Vol-2 by P N RAO, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3. Elements of Workshop Technology Vol-1 by S K Hajra Choudhury, A K Hajra Choudhury, Nirjhar Roy-Media Promoters & Publisher PVT. Ltd.
- CODE OF PRACTICE FOR SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS IN ELECTRIC AND GAS WELDING AND CUTTING OPERATIONS (First Revision) IS: 818 – 1968- Seventh Reprint SEPTEMBER 1998



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

10 Periods

10 Periods

1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RyLvVMg84xs -Basics of welding process2.
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nBwRpl\_0d50 Fundamentals of Brazing3.
- 3. ttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Wbd0mhOfGRg Soldering Basics

# END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - PRACTICAL EXAM. BOARD EXAMINATIONS

Note:

- All the exercises have to be completed, any one exercise will be given for examination.
- All the exercises should be given in the question paper. The student is allowed to select by lot or question papers issued by the DOTE Exam section shall be used.
- Practical documents along with the activity report should be submitted for the End Semester Examinations.

## **DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS.**

Part	Description	Marks
A	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Procedure	20
С	Preparation	20
D	Welding / Cutting/ Joining	20
E	Accuracy / Tool Handling / Finish / Result	20
F	Viva Voce	10
TOTAL MARKS		100



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023
# Equipment / Facilities required conducting the Practical Course.

S.No	Name of the Equipment's	Quantity Required
1.	Arc welding booth	2 Nos with welding transformer
2.	TIG / MIG welding booth	1 No
3.	Gas welding unit	1 Set (Oxygen and acetylene cylinder)
4.	Welding shield	5Nos
5.	Gas welding goggles	5Nos
6.	Chipping hammer	5Nos
7.	Leather Gloves 18"	5 Sets
8.	Spot welding machine	1 No
9.	Brazing equipment	1 No
10.	Soldering equipment	1 No
11.	Electric Jig saw / Craftsman cutter / Reciprocating cutter	1 No
12.	Pneumatic / Electric impact wrench	1 No
13.	Cutting, bending, flaring, Swaging and pinching tool for copper tube	Each 1No
14.	Consumables	Sufficient quantity



1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

# Exercises drawing:

1. Lap Joint - Arc Welding (Raw Material: 40 mm X 10 mm MS flat)



2. T-Joint -Arc Welding (RawMaterial:40 mm X 10 mm MS flat)



3. Butt Joint-TIG / MIG Welding (Raw Material: MS Pipe / MS Square tube)



4. Profile cutting- Circular profile -cutting Gas cutting (Raw Material : 100 x 100mm x 6mm M.S. flat)





1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

5. Lap joint - Gas Welding- (Raw Material: 10G Mild Steel)



6. Spot welding - Lap joint - Make a tray / dustpan and join the vulnerable points (Minimum8 Points) (Raw Material: GI/MS Sheet 22 G)



7. Solder as per the given circuit diagram / Battery pack with series and parallel connections.





1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

8. Braze the joints of the copper tube. Prepare the tube with Cutting, bending, flaring, Swaging and pinching practice.



Cutting, bending, flaring, Swaging and pinching practice using copper tube.



9. Dismantle and Assemble the Bolt/Nut using wrench power tools. (Pneumatic / Electric). (Sample Exercise Flange / Cylinder head / Remove Tire from the vehicle disc / etc...)





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1020233320	WORKSHOP PRACTICES	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

10. Profile cutting - Using Jigsaw. (Raw Material: 100 x 100 mm X 6 mm M.S.Flat / Wood)





# Text and Reference Books:

- CODE OF PRACTICE FOR SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS IN ELECTRIC AND GAS WELDING AND CUTTING OPERATIONS (First Revision) IS: 818 – 1968 - Seventh Reprint SEPTEMBER 1998.
- Hajra Choudry & Battacharya Elements of Workshop Technology Vol. I & II -Edition 11, -Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., – 2007.
- 3. P N RAO-Manufacturing technology 5th edition McGraw Hill, New Delhi.2018.

## Web-based Online Resources:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dMcP3aCHyTQ Welding Processes NPTEL-NOC IITM
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TpvmJBeGUrg&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M-KwjFQByB vRx464XpCgOEC&index=2 Classification of welding processes and definition of welding arc - NEPTE - NOC IITM.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

#### Introduction:

Motion control is required in a large number of industrial and domestic applications. Systems employed for getting the required motion and their smooth control are called Drives. Drives require prime movers like Diesel or petrol engines, gas or steam turbines, hydraulic motors or electric motors. These prime movers deliver the required mechanical energy for getting the motion and its control. Drives employing Electric motors as prime movers for motion control are called Electric Drives. Further electrical speed control in almost all industrial applications are incomplete without the use of the specific electric drive. This course will empower the students with the necessary skills to understand the concept associated with Electrical Drives.

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- Explain the necessity of A.C Circuit, Fuse, MCB, ELCB and Contactor.
- Explain the Working of RPS, Logic Gates and PLC.
- Define electric drive, its parts, advantages and explain choice of electric drive.
- Understand the characteristics of DC Shunt Motor and 3 Phase Induction Motor.
- Discuss the concept of AC Drive, Stepper Motor Drive and Servo Motor Drive.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate the working of MCB, ELCB and Contactor.

CO2: Describe the working of RPS and Simple LED Circuit.

CO3: Describe the concept of Logic Gate and PLC.

CO4: Demonstrate the starting and speed control methods of Induction Motor.

CO5: Interface and test the working of Driver for DC Motor and Stepper Motor.

## Pre-requisites:

Basics of Science and Engineering



1020233440		L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	INDUSTRIAL DRIVES AND CONTROL	1	0	4	3

# CO/PO Mapping:

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	1	1	2	-		
C02	3	1	1	2	-		
C03	3	1	1	2	-		
C04	3	1	1	2	-		
C05	3	1	1	2	-		

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## Instructional Strategy:

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as faras possible.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

#### Assessment Methodology:

	Ca	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 mark	(S)	End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Experiments/ 50% Experiments	Cycle II Experiments/ Another 50% Experiments	All Units	All Experiments	All Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Internal Marks 40				00	
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total



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PRACTICUM	INDUSTRIAL DRIVES AND CONTROL	1	0	4	3

marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

## The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The Circuit Diagram, Readings, Calculations and Graph / Result should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections and Execution	25
	TOTAL	50
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	Total Marks	60

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

• **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.



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PRACTICUM	INDUSTRIAL DRIVES AND CONTROL	1	0	4	3

# **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

Description		Marks	
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	Questions.		
TOTAL		100 Marks	

• **CA 4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

# Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections and Execution	25
D	Output / Result	10
E	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

# Syllabus Contents.

Theory F	Portion : UNIT I	
A.C CIRC	CUITS	Period
Review c	f Ohm's Law – Review of Series and Parallel Connection – Fundamentalsof	4
AC Volta	age and Current - Peak Value, Average Value, RMS value of Sine wave –	
Frequen	cy - Time period – Amplitude - Power and Power Factor – Current calculation	
by using	single phase power formula – Introduction about Three phaseac supply -	
Current of	calculation by using three phase power formula - Necessity of Contactor -	
Solenoid	type Contactor - Necessity of Fuse - Function of MCB -	
Function	of ELCB.	
ANALOG	AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS	
Name, S	ymbol and uses of Semiconductor Devices (Diode, Transistor, LED and SCR)	4
– Import	ance of current limiting resistor in LED circuit – RGB LED - Working ofHalf	
wave and	d Full wave rectifiers - Block Diagram of Regulated Power Supply.	
Logic ga	ates: Binary Number System - Positive and Negative Logic - Definition,	
Symbol,	Truth table and Boolean expression for OR, AND, NOT, NOR, NAND, EX-OR	
and EX-N	IOR gates - Universal Logic Gates: NAND and NOR.	
Program	mable Logic Controller: Definition - Block Diagram of Programmable Logic	
Controlle	er – PLC Scan – Ladder Logic for AND Gate and OR Gate.	
Practica	I Exercises:	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
1.	VOLTAGE, CURRENT AND POWER MEASUREMENT IN SINGLE PHASE AC	4
	CIRCUIT.	
	Activities to Perform:	
	a) Conduct an experiment to measure voltage, current and power in a	
	single phase a.c circuit by using Voltmeter, Ammeter and	
	Wattmeter respectively for different loads.	



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1	0	4	3

	b) Repeat the same experiment by replacing above meters with a	
	single Digital Power Monitor.	
	c) Compare and Discuss the observations.	
2.	CONSTRUCT LED CIRCUIT WITH CURRENT LIMITING RESISTOR	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	a) From the voltage and current rating of the given LED, calculate	
	the value of the resistor to be connected in series with it.	
	b) Construct and test a simple circuit using DC Source, Resistor and	
	LED.	
	c) Construct and test a simple circuit using DC Source, Resistor and	
	RGB LED.	
3.	CONSTRUCT DC REGULATED POWER SUPPLY UNIT	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	a) Construct 5V or 12V DC Regulated Power Supply circuit using	
	Bridge Rectifier, Capacitor Filter and IC Voltage Regulator.	
	b) Observe the voltage at various stages of the circuit.	
	c) Discuss the function of each stage of the RPS unit.	
4.	DEMONSTRATE THE WORKING OF MCB AND ELCB	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	a) Connect Single Pole MCB with Load bank and Test the Tripping	
	Operation for overload and/or Short Circuit fault.	
	b) Connect ELCB with Lamp Load and Test the Tripping Operation	
	for Earth fault.	
5.	LOGIC GATE USING ICs	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	a) Construct the circuit and verify the Truth Tables of AND, OR, NOT,	
	NAND, NOR, EX-OR Logic gates by using corresponding Logic Gate	
	ICs.	
	b) Compare and Discuss the observations.	



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

Theory F	Portion : UNIT II	
ELECTR	C DRIVES	
Introduc	tion – Need for Drive – Advantages of Electric Drive – Parts of Electric Drive	7
- Classit	ication of Drives (Group Drive, Individual Drive and Multimotor Drive)	
- Classit	ication of Electric Motors - Characteristics of DC Shunt Motor and DC Series	
Motor –	Necessity of starters - Three point starter.	
Construc	ction, Working Principle and Characteristics of Three Phase squirrel cage	
inductio	n motor – DOL Starter – Star Delta Starter - Effect of Unbalanced source	
voltage	and Single Phasing – Methods of Speed control of three phase induction	
motor - E	Block diagram of Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) - Electric Braking – Typesof	
Electrica	I Braking – Selection of Motors for different applications – Motors usedfor	
Traction	system.	
Overviev	v of PMDC Motor, BLDC Motor, Stepper Motor Drive, Servo Motor Drive –	
L293D N	lotor Driver IC.	
Practica	Exercises:	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
6.	LOAD TEST ON DC SHUNT MOTOR	4
	Activity to Perform:	
	a) Conduct Load Test on given DC Shunt Motor	
	b) Discuss the starting current and No load current of the Motor	
	c) Plot the performance Characteristics.	
7.	LOAD TEST ON THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR	4
	Activity to Perform:	
	a) Conduct Load Test on given three phase squirrel cage Induction	
	Motor.	
	b) Discuss the starting current and No load current of the Motor	
	c) Plot the performance Characteristics.	



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L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

8.	SPEED CONTROL OF INDUCTION MOTOR USING VFD	4
	Activity to Perform:	
	a) Make connections and Control the speed of the given singlephase	
	or three phase squirrel cage induction motor by VFD.	
	b) Discuss the features and advantages of VFD.	
9.	DIRECTION CONTROL OF DC MOTOR USING DRIVER IC L293D	4
	Activity to Perform:	
	a) Interface L293D Motor Driver IC with Arduino to control Direction	
	of rotation of Two DC Motors.	
	b) Execute the Arduino program and observe the direction of	
	rotation of Motors.	
10.	TESTING OF STEPPER MOTOR DRIVE	4
	Activity to Perform:	
	a) Interface suitable stepper motor driver with stepper motor.	
	b) Test the operation of the driver circuit by observing the movement	
	of the stepper motor.	
	Assessment Test + Revision + Students Activity	20
	Total	75

# Suggested List of Students Activity:

**Activity 1:** Study and understand the construction and working of DC Generator, Transformer and Alternators available in the Laboratory. Then each student shall write and submit the Report on the above topics.

**Activity 2:** Four students can be grouped as a batch to collect information about Industrial applications of various types of Electric Motors and submit as activity report. Reference books / website details/ Visited Industry details for collection of above information must be mentioned in the report itself.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

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#### Text book for Reference:

- 1. B. L. Theraja and A. K. Theraja, A Textbook of Electrical Technology Volume II (AC and DC Machines), Multicolour Edition, S. Chand & amp; Co., 2005.
- 2. V K Mehta, Rohit Mehta, Principles of Electronics, 12 th Edition, S. Chand & amp; Co., 2020.
- 3. B.N. Sarkar, Fundamentals of Industrial Drives, 1 st Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- 4. Frank D. Petruzella, Programmable Logic Controllers, 6 th Edition, Indian Edition, Mc Graw Hill, 2023.

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104140/#
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105155/
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105158/
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/



# Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.

S.No	Name of the Equipment's	Quantity
		Required
1.	MI Ammeter 0-5A, MI Voltmeter 0- 300V, ED Wattmeter 300V/5A,	Each 1 No.
	Digital Power Monitor, Lamp Load.	
2.	5V/12V DC Power Supply Unit, LED, RGB LED and Resistors.	Each 1 No.
3.	230V/12V Transformer, Diodes, Filter Capacitor, Voltage Regulator	Each 1 No.
	IC, Resistors and CRO.	
4.	3 Amps MCB and 30mA ELCB.	Each 1 No.
5.	5V RPS, Logic Gate ICs: 7408, 7432, 7404, 7400, 7402 & 7486,	Each 5 Nos.
	Toggle Switches, LEDs and Resistors.	
6.	DC Shunt Motor with Starting and Loading arrangements.	1 No.
7.	Contactor and NO, NC Push buttons.	Each 1 No.
8.	3 Phase Squirrel Cage Induction Motor with Starting and Loading	1 No.
	arrangements.	
9.	Variable Frequency Drive.	1 No.
10.	DC Motor, L293D Motor Driver IC and Arduino Shield.	1 No.
11.	Stepper Motor with Driver Shield.	1 No.
12.	Suitable range of MC Voltmeter and Ammeter for DC Motor.	Each 1 No.
13.	Suitable range of MI Voltmeter and Ammeter for AC Motor.	Each 1 No.
14.	Tachometer.	1 No.
15.	Digital Multimeter.	4 Nos.

#### Note:

• Sufficient number of Worktables to be provided in the laboratory to conduct experiments for students.



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1	0	4	3

- Ensure Permanent wiring connections with suitable circuit breakers / Protective mechanism in the Worktables with proper safety measures.
- In addition to the above list sufficient quantities of consumable, Tools and Testing Instruments to be maintained.
- Charts on Electrical Safety and Procedure of First Aid to be displayed in the Laboratory.
- Necessary proper electrical safety arrangements should be done in the laboratory.
- Awareness about the First Aid for Electrical accidents should be given.

## **END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM**

#### Note:

All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections / Execution	25
D	Output / Result	10
E	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

#### Introduction:

Production Drawing & Modelling is a crucial aspect of design and manufacturing processes. It involves creating detailed technical drawings and three-dimensional models to communicate product specifications and aid in production. This discipline ensures precision, efficiency and consistency in manufacturing various products across industries in engineering and product design.

#### Course Objectives:

- Understand fundamental principles: Learn the foundational concepts, principles, and standards of production drawing and modelling, including geometric dimensioning and tolerance (GD&T), drafting conventions, and industry-specific guidelines.
- Develop technical drawing skills: Acquire proficiency in creating accurate and detailed technical drawings using CAD software, focusing on orthographic projections, isometric views, section views, and assembly drawings.
- Master 3D modelling techniques: Gain expertise in constructing three-dimensional models of objects and components using CAD software, emphasise solid modelling, surface modelling, parametric modelling, and assembly modelling.
- Interpret engineering documentation: Learn to interpret and analyse engineering drawings, specifications, and other technical documents to extract relevant information for manufacturing processes, including material specifications, geometric tolerances, and assembly instructions.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Draw various sectional views of 2D assembly drawings manually as per BIS.

CO2: Create sectional views for 2D assembly drawing.

CO3: Create 3D modelling using CAD software module.

CO4: Interpret the drawing and symbols in the Engineering field.

CO5: Demonstrate proficiency in 3D modelling by creating and assembling machine components.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1020233540	PRODUCTION DRAWING & MODELLING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

## **Pre-requisites:**

DRAFTING PRACTICES

#### CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	2	1		2			
C02	2	1		2			
C03	2	1		2			
CO4	2	1		2			
C05	2	1		2			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### Instructional Strategy:

- Utilise a blended approach with lectures on manual drawing fundamentals and CAD software introduction.
- Incorporate hands-on sessions for manual drawing practice and CAD software usage.
- Assignments focus on creating detailed drawings of machine parts, transitioning to CAD for 3D modelling, assembly, and printing components.
- Encourage peer collaboration and feedback.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

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#### Assessment Methodology:

	Co	End			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Drafting Practices and Solid modelling Practices (Ex 1 and 2)	Drafting Practices and Solid modelling Practices (Ex 3, and 4)	Theory Portions and Assembled views Manual Drawing (All Portions)	Drafting Practices and Solid modelling Practices. (All Exercises)	Drafting Practices and Solid modelling Practices. (All Exercises)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.



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PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

The Assembled views for the exercises during Manual drawing practice should be submitted in the drawing sheet (4 Drawing sheet). The printout of the assembled view during drafting practices should be submitted (4 printout). The printout of the solid modelling practices should be submitted (4 printout). The 12 documents should be kept in a file with a Bonafide certificate.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

Part	Description	Marks		
PART A – Drafting Practices				
Α	Command / Creation Procedure	10		
В	2D View with Dimensions	15		
PART B - Solid modelling Practices				
С	Creation Part Modelling	10		
D	CAD Modelling (3D)	15		
	Practical Total	50		
Е	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10		
	Total	60		

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION



• **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

	Description	Mar	ks			
	Manual Assembled Drawing					
Part – A	Two views of the Assemble Drawing.	Front View -	50 Marks			
	Front view and Top View / Side View in the	30 Marks.				
	drawing sheet. (With or without section /	Top View /				
	Half section). (30 + 20 = 50 Marks). Any one	Side View -				
	exercise can be given by lot.	20 Marks.				
	Theory Portions					
Part – B	20 One Mark questions (MCQ) should be	20 X 1 Mark	20 Marks			
	answered.					
Part – C	Three Ten Marks questions should be	3 X 10 Marks	30 Marks			
	answered from Six questions.					
	TOTAL		100 Marks			

# **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

• **CA 4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks					
	PART A – Drafting Practices						
А	Command / Creation	10					
В	2D View with Dimensions	15					
С	Printout	5					
	PART B – Solid modelling Practices						
D	Creation Part Modelling	10					
E	CAD Modelling (3D)	15					
F	Assembly of the parts	20					
G	Printout	5					
Н	Written test (Theory Portions only)	10					
I	Viva Voce	10					
	TOTAL MARKS						

Note: For the written test 10 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.

# Syllabus contents

Theory Portion	
SECTIONAL VIEWS	15
Sectioning - sectional views - representation of sectional plane - hatching -	
inclination – spacing – hatching large areas – hatching adjacent parts - full section	
- half section - types of half sections - conventional representation of materials in	
section.	
GEOMETRIC DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCES.	
Importance of GD&T - Tolerance specification and interpretation - Tolerance symbols	
- Features - Datum plane and Axis - Shaft basis and hole basis system.	



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L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

Material Condition Modifiers. Maximum Material Condition (MMC) - Least Material	
Condition (LMC) - Feature Control Frames	
Manual Drawing Practice	
Detailed drawings of the following machine components will be given to students to	15
draw the assembled views. Only the assembled Front view (Without section / Full	
Section / Half Section) and Top view or Side view (Without section / Full Section / Half	
Section) with dimensions and Bill of materials in the Drawing Sheet.	
Note: All the exercises drawing sheet should be submitted for the model and end	
semester examination as a record of work done.	
COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING (CAD) PRACTICES	
PART A - Drafting Practices:	15
2D Drafting Practices - Draw the front view of the assembled drawing of the	
components with dimensions.	
PART B - Solid modelling Practices:	15
Detailed drawings of the machine components will be given to students to create the	
solid modelling and assemble using any CAD software in the computer and take the	
printout.	
Machine Components for the Practical Exercises	
1. Sleeve and Cotter Joint.	
2. Plummer Block.	
3. Flange Coupling.	
4. Bushed Bearing.	
Practice + Test + Revision	15



## Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Students should practice production drawing with the GD&T representation.
- Modelling competitions can be arranged.

#### Text and Reference Books:

- 1. A beginner's guide to 3D modeling by Cameron Coward
- 2. Solidworks 2022 step by step guide by Amit Bhatt and Mark Wiley

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://www.autodesk.in/campaigns/autocad-tytorials
- https://www.mycadsite.com/tutorials.html
- NPTEL Lecturers

#### Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.

- 1. Personal computer 30 Nos.
- 2. Printer 1 No.
- 3. Required Software: CAD Package/ Parametric Software packages Sufficient to the strength.



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PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

## **END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - PRACTICAL EXAM**

Note: All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all exercises for 100 Marks as per the pattern. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used.

Practical documents should be submitted for the End Semester Examination with a bonafide certificate.

Part	Description	Marks				
	PART A – Drafting Practices					
А	Command / Creation	10				
В	2D View with Dimensions	15				
С	Printout	5				
	PART B – Solid modelling Practices					
D	Creation Part Modelling	10				
E	CAD Modelling (3D)	15				
F	Assembly of the parts	20				
G	Printout	5				
Н	Written test (Theory Portions only)	10				
I	Viva Voce	10				
	TOTAL MARKS 100					

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 10 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1020233540	PRODUCTION DRAWING & MODELLING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

# **EXERCISE DRAWINGS**





0.0.10

Sleeve and cotter joint





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PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3











Plummer Block (Pedestal Bearing)





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1020233540	PRODUCTION DRAWING & MODELLING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3











L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

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#### INTRODUCTION

The evolution in metrology and metallography is substantially vital and has led to improvements in product quality, enriched scientific research capabilities, and increased efficiency in diverse industries like manufacturing, automobiles, aerospace, and quality control. Metrology is the science of measurement. It deals with the theoretical and practical aspects of measurement, including the development of measurement standards, calibration techniques, and measurement methods. In the context of materials science and engineering, metrology plays a crucial role in ensuring the accuracy and reliability of measurements related to the properties of materials. Metallography, on the other hand, is the study of the microstructure of metals and alloys. Metallography allows engineers and scientists to analyze the internal structure of materials at the microscopic level. By understanding microstructures, researchers can predict and control material properties and assess material performance under different conditions. Together, metrology and metallography provide a comprehensive toolkit for characterizing the properties and behavior of materials, from macroscopic dimensions to microscopic structure.

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to prepare the student

- To provide a solid foundation in the principles of measurement, including accuracy, precision, calibration, and uncertainty analysis.
- To acquire knowledge regarding the measurement of linear and angular dimensions of components and assemblies.
- To familiarize the properties, behavior, and characteristics of various engineering materials such as metals, polymers, ceramics, and composites.
- To introduce students to the principles of metallography, including sample preparation techniques and microscopic examination methods.
- To introduce a variety of nondestructive testing methods, such as magnetic particle testing (MT), liquid penetrant testing (PT), visual testing (VT).
- To demonstrate how metrology and metallography are used in material selection, process optimization, failure analysis, and research and development across various industries.



1025233640	METROLOGY AND METALLOGRAPHY	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

**CO1:** Comprehend the use of metrology instruments and measurement methods.

**CO2:** Demonstrate the necessary skills for the calibration and testing of different gauges and measuring instruments.

**CO3:** Measure the geometrical dimensions of V-threads and Spur gears.

**CO4:** Identify the given specimen microstructure using a metallurgical microscope.

**C05:** Inspect cracks in casting using dye penetrate test and magnetic particle test.

**Pre-requisites:** Knowledge of basic measuring instruments.

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	3	2	3	1	-	2
C02	3	3	2	3	1	1	2
C03	3	3	2	3	1	-	2
C04	3	3	2	3	1	-	2
C05	3	3	2	3	1	-	2

#### CO/PO MAPPING:

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

- It is advised that teachers take steps to interest pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn through pre-session reading materials, videos, or online resources to familiarize students with the theoretical concepts of metrology and metallography.
- Conduct a pre-session quiz or assessment to gauge students' understanding of the concepts.
- Start the practical session with a brief overview of the equipment used in metrology and



1025233640	METROLOGY AND METALLOGRAPHY	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

metallography, including microscopes, calipers, micrometers, and metallographic sample preparation equipment.

- Emphasize safety procedures and protocols, including proper handling of equipment, use of personal protective equipment (PPE), and safe handling of chemicals.
- Offer feedback on students' performance during the practical session, focusing on both technical skills and conceptual understanding and conduct post-session assessments to evaluate students' learning outcomes and identify areas for improvement.
- Gather feedback from students about their learning experience and use it to refine future iterations of the instructional strategy.

# **ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY:**

		End Semester			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Units	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7 <sup>th</sup> Week	14 <sup>th</sup> Week	15 <sup>th</sup> Week	16 <sup>th</sup> Week	



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1	0	4	3

60

## Note:

 CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

## The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The observations, readings, calculations and sketches should be written by the student manually in the document.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

Part	Description	Marks
А	Procedure / Least Count	15
В	Reading & Calculation / Preparation and Observation	25
С	Result	10
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	TOTAL MARKS	60

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

**Cycle - I** Exercise 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

**Cycle - II** Exercise 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13.



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PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

• **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

Question pattern – written Test Theory	Question	pattern ·	– Written	Test	Theory
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Description		Mar	ks
Part – A	30 MCQ from the complete theory portions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	Seven Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	TOTAL		100 Marks

• **CA4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one question by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

# SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS			
Metrology Section: (Any one question from Ex. 1,2,3,4,5,6 and 7)					
Α	Procedure / Least Count	5			
В	Reading & Calculation	20			
C	Result	10			
Metallography Section: (Any one question from Ex. 8,9,10,11,12 and 13)					
D	Procedure	5			
E	Preparation and Observation	20			
F	Result	10			
G	Written test	30			
	TOTAL MARKS	100			

**Note:** For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.


PRACTICUM

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

#### SYLLABUS CONTENTS

THEOR	1	
UNIT I:	LINEAR, ANGULAR MEASUREMENTS AND FORM MEASUREMENTS	Periods
Basics	of Metrology:	
Scope	of Metrology, basic units, important terminology, Measurement – Need,	
standar	dization the bureau of Indian standards – important elements of	
measur	ements – methods of measurements sensitivity stability range Precision and	
Accura	$r_{r}$ - definition - reliability - definition error - definition - sources of errors -	
classifi	$c_{\rm relation}$ of error – Calibration of measuring instruments	
Linear	Aeasurements:	
Linear N and pre gauges Angular Angular bevel pr working Form N measur Diamete	Measurements. Measuring Instruments – Vernier caliper, Micrometer, Depth Micrometer – Use cautions, possible sources of errors in vernier caliper and micrometer – slip –requirements – Indian standard – care and use. <b>Measurements:</b> measuring instruments – Introduction – vernier bevel protractor – universal rotractor – optical bevel protractor. Sine bar – types – uses and limitations – principle of clinometer, autocollimator, angle dekkor. <b>Measurement:</b> Screw thread terminology – Screw thread micrometer – ement of various elements of thread – Vernier gear tooth caliper – Pitch er, Lead, Pitch. Measurement of Gears – purpose – Analytical measurement.	7
Practica	al Exercises:	
Ex. No	Name of the Experiment	Hours
	VERNIER CALIPER	
1.	<ul> <li>i) Measure the dimensions of ground MS flat/Cylindrical bush using</li> <li>Vernier Caliper.</li> <li>(ii) Compare the results with Digital Vernier Caliper</li> </ul>	4



	10	25233640		L	Т	Р	С
	PR	ACTICUM			0	4	3
<ul> <li>AICROMETER</li> <li>2. i) Measure the diameter of a wire using a micrometer.</li> <li>ii) Compare the results with a digital outside micrometer.</li> </ul>				4			
3. SLIP GAUGES Measure the thickness of ground MS plates using slip gauges.				4			
<ul> <li>UNIVERSAL BEVEL PROTRACTOR</li> <li>4. Measure the angle of a V-block/Taper Shank of Drill/ Dovetail using universal bevel protractor.</li> </ul>				4			
5. <b>SINE BAR</b> Measure the angle of the machined surface using sine bar with slip gauges.			4				
<ul> <li>6. Measure the geometrical dimensions of V-Thread using screw thread micrometer.</li> </ul>			4				
7. <b>GEAR TOOTH VERNIER CALIPER</b> Measure the geometrical dimensions of spur gear using gear tooth vernier caliper.			liper.	4			
THEORY							
uni Ma <sup>-</sup>	T II : TERI	STRUCTUR ALS	E OF SOLIDS, PHASE DIAGRAMS, ENGINEERING MA	ATERIAI	LS AND	TESTI	NG OF
Stru Spa Met Rad Pha diag Eng Defi Tes Insp Rad	ictur ce L allic ius - se D gram inee nitio ting bectio iogra	e of Solids: attice – Cry Elements – Atomic Pa iagrams: Is in ring Materia of Material on – Magne aphy (Descr	Introduction to Atomic Structure – Crystal Structu stal System – The seven basic crystal systems – C - BCC, FCC, and HCP – Definition – Coordination acking Factor for Simple Cubic, BCC, FCC, and HCP s omorphous, Eutectic and Eutectoid systems – Iron ( als: Classification – Ferrous and Nonferrous metals nical properties. s: Destructive Testing – Types – Non-destructive etic Particle inspection – Liquid penetrant test – Ult iptive treatment only).	re – Ui rystal s Numbe structure Carbon and th e testin rasonic	nit Cell tructure r – Atc es. equilibr eir alloy g – Vi inspec	and e for omic rium ys – sual tion,	6



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PRACTICUM

METROLOGY AND METALLOGRAPHY

L T P C 1 0 4 3

Practical Exercises:				
Ex. No.	Name of the Experiment	Hours		
8.	METALLURGICAL MICROSCOPE Find the grain structure of the given specimen using the Metallurgical Microscope.	4		
9.	Prepare a specimen to examine the microstructure of the Ferrous metal.	4		
10.	Prepare a specimen to examine the microstructure of the Nonferrous metal.	4		
11.	<b>NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING</b> Detect the cracks in the specimen using Visual Inspection and ring test.	4		
12.	Detect the cracks in specimen using Dye penetration test.	4		
13.	Detect the cracks in specimen using Magnetic particle test.	4		
	Activity + Revision + Assessment Test	10		
	TOTAL HOURS	75		



L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

# Suggested List of Student Activity

**Activity 1:** Each student writes and submits the assignment on the topic of Methods of measurements, Types of possible errors in measurements, and classification of engineering materials.

**Activity 2:** Four students can be grouped as a batch to measure the various dimensions of V-Thread and spur gear and submit the activity report. The activity report should have the diagram and various dimensions of the V-Thread and spur gear.

## References

- 1. "Applied Metrology for Manufacturing Engineering", Ammar Grous, J Wiley- ISTE, 2011.
- 2. "Metrology & Measurements", Anand K Bewoor & Vinay A Kulkarni, Tata McGraw- Hill Education Private Ltd, 2009.
- 3. "Engineering Metrology", Jain R.K., Khanna Publishers, 2005.
- "Engineering Metrology and Measurements" Raghavendra N.V. and Krishnamurthy. L., , Oxford University Press, 2013.
- "Introduction to Physical Metallurgy", Sydney Avner, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Private Ltd.
- A Textbook of "Material Science & Metallurgy", O.P.Khanna, DhanpatRai Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

# Web-based/Online Resources

- <u>https://youtu.be/WYeNQfGrejM</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/stasLtabxlk</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/HYpgpMymDcl</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/BJrTZ07bHm4</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/E4T0fnmzgf0</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2agE7N1Bguc



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

## **END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - PRACTICAL EXAM**

#### Note:

All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one question (one experiment from Cycle I exercises and one experiment from Cycle II exercises) by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The record of work done by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS			
Μ	Metrology Section: (Any one question from Ex. 1,2,3,4,5,6 and 7)				
Α	Procedure / Least Count	5			
В	Reading & Calculation	20			
С	Result	10			
Metallography Section: (Any one question from Ex. 8,9,10,11,12 and 13)					
D	Procedure	5			
E	Preparation and Observation	20			
F	Result	10			
G	Written test	30			
	TOTAL MARKS	100			

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

# LIST OF EQUIPMENTS

S.No	Name of the Equipment	Quantity required		
1.	Vernier Caliper	2 Nos.		
2.	Digital Vernier Caliper	2 Nos.		
3.	Micrometer	2 Nos.		
4.	Digital Micrometer	2 Nos.		
5.	Slip Gauges	2 Nos.		
6.	Surface Plate	2 Nos.		
7.	Dial Indicator (0-10)	2 Nos.		
8.	Universal Bevel Protractor	2 Nos.		
9.	Sine Bar with Slip gauges	2 Nos.		
10.	Screw Thread Micrometer	2 Nos.		
11.	Gear Tooth Vernier Caliper	1 No.		
12.	Metallurgical Microscope	2 Nos.		
13.	Dye penetration	2 Nos.		
14.	Magnetic particle test	1 No.		
15.	Abrasive belt grinder	1 No.		
16.	Polishing machine	1 No.		
17.	Mounting machine	1 No.		
18.	Specimens	Sufficient quantity(Ferrous/Non- ferrous metals)		
19.	Consumables	Sufficient Quantity		



1020234110	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY	TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

#### Introduction:

Use of innovative technologies to create existing products and the creation of new products. Advanced manufacturing can include production activities that depend on information, automation, computation, software, sensing, and networking

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Explain the different methods of plastic manufacturing processes
- Explain the various concepts of modern machining, super finishing process and surface treatment
- To make acquainted the various unconventional manufacturing processes
- Write part program for manufacturing components in CNC machines
- Explain the rapid prototyping technologies in manufacturing

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to CO1: Describe the various methods of plastic manufacturing CO2: Explain the modern machining processes, super finishing processes and various surface treatment methods CO3: Describe the unconventional Machining processes CO4: Explain the CNC Machines and ability to apply "G codes" and "M codes in CNC programming CO5: Apply the rapid prototyping technologies in manufacturing

## Pre-requisites:

Production Technology, Machine Tools, Metal Cutting, Computer applications



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1020234110	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY	TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

# CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	2	2	1				
C02	2	2	1				
C03	2	3	1				
C04	2	2	1				
C05	2	2	1				

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## Instructional Strategy:

- Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities ina simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



1020234110	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY	TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

# Assessment Methodology

	End Semester				
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted. **CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.



1020234110	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY	TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

## **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

# **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I	Types of plastics and processing of plastics				
Types of Pl	<b>astics:</b> Engineering plastics – thermosets – comparison of thermoplastic	9			
and thermo	setting plastics - composite - structural foam, elastomers				
- polymer al	oys and liquid crystal polymers.				
Processing	of Plastics				
Extrusion -	single screw extrusion - twin screw extruders and types - Injection				
moulding t	ypes: Plunger type - Reciprocating screw injection - structural foam				
injection m	ould - sandwich moulding - gas injection moulding – calendaring and				
rotational m	noulding. Design consideration for plastic components.				
Unit II	Modern Machining ,Super finishing and Surface treatment processes				
Modern Ma	chining Processes:	9			
Precision a	nd ultra precision machining - Micro and nano machining and High-speed				
Machining – hot machining-basic principles, working, applications, advantages					
Super finishing processes : introduction- working principle of Honing - lapping					
-burnishing	<ul> <li>polishing – buffing – advantages - applications</li> </ul>				



1020234110	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY	TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

Surface trea	atment processes: Introduction – working principle – surface hardening				
- shot peening - galvanizing – powder coating - thermal spraying - Vapour deposition					
Process ty	pes - Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) – Physical VapourDeposition				
(PVD) - sput	tering – Electroplating – cladding – hot dipping – painting - advantages –				
applications	S.				
Unit III	Unconventional Machining Processes				
Introduction	- classification - construction and working principle of abrasive jet	8			
machining	(AJM) – water jet machining (WJM) – ultrasonic machining (USM) –				
electrical di	scharge machine (EDM) - electron beam machining (EBM) – laser beam				
machining (	(LBM) – plasma arc machining (PAM) – Chemical Machining (CHM) –				
Electro Cher	nical Machining (ECM) -advantages – disadvantages and applications.				
Unit IV	CNC Machines and CNC Programming				
CNC machi	nes:	11			
Numerical of	control – definition – working principle of a CNC system - advantages of				
CNC machi	nes – difference between NC and CNC – construction and working				
principle of	turning centre – construction and working principle of machining centre				
- machine	axes conventions turning centre and machining centre - coordinate				
measuring r	machine (CMM) – construction and working principle.				
CNC Progra	mming:				
Introduction – Cartesian coordinate system – Polar coordinate system –Absolute					
and incremental positioning - Purpose of G and M codes CNC program.					
Procedure - Homing position – Offset setting -Work offset setting procedure – Tool					
offset - CNC turning program using linear interpolation and circular interpolation					
CNC millin	g program using linear interpolation and circular interpolation				
compensation					



Unit V	Rapid Prototyping			
Introduction	- Classification -subtractive - additive - advantages and applications	8		
- materials-	Working Principles, Methods, Stereolithography, Laser Sintering, Fused			
Deposition N	lethod, 3D printing - Working Principle - Applications and Limitations,			
Rapid tooling, Overview of other techniques in rapid manufacturing.				
	TOTAL HOURS	45		

## Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Presentation/Seminars by students on any recent technological developments based on the course
- Online MCQ have to be conducted for all the five units.
- Blended learning activities to explore the recent trends and developments in the field.

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. V. K. Jain, Advanced Machining Processes, 1 st edition , Allied Publications, 2010.
- 2. Mikell P. Groover, Automation, Production Systems, and Computer-Integrated Manufacturing, 3 rd edition, Pearson Education Asia,2008.
- 3. P. Radhakrishnan, S. Subramanyam, CAD/CAM/CIM,2 nd edition, New Age International,2008.

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107078/
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc24\_me72/preview

#### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1020234230	FLUID MECHANICS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

## Introduction:

The principles of fluid mechanics play a vital role in various aspects of our daily lives, influencing everything from the functioning of essential machines to the natural phenomena that shape our world. Understanding the significance of fluid mechanics helps us appreciate its impact on diverse fields. It is a cornerstone of modern engineering and science, with profound implications for numerous aspects of our lives. Its principles enable advancements in technology, contribute to environmental sustainability, and enhance our understanding of the natural world.

## **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Describe the measurement of fluid pressure and its applications.
- CO2: Measure the flow rate of fluid by using venturi meter and orifice meter.
- CO3: Compute the friction factor for the pipeline.
- CO4: Analyse the performance of turbines.
- CO5: Evaluate the performance of pumps

## **Pre-requisites:**

Mathematical skills, Mechanics.

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	1	-	3			
C02	3	1	-	3			
C03	3	1	-	3			
C04	3	1	-	3			
C05	3	1	-	3			

# CO/PO Mapping

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1020234230	FLUID MECHANICS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Instructional Strategy:

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment outcomes and analyze potential sources of error in case of discrepancies

	Co	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 marks)	)	End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (Any Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

# Assessment Methodology:



1020234230	FLUID MECHANICS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

Note:

 CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

 CA 3: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark. Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below. Each experiment observation and calculations should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The student should write the reading and calculations, and the result and graph should be prepared manually.

The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.



1020234230	FLUID MECHANICS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

# SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test

SI.No.	Description	Marks
Α	Aim / Apparatus required	10
В	Procedure / Observation / Tabular column	20
С	Formula / Calculation	20
D	Result / Graph	10
E	Practical document (All Experiments)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

## Question Pattern:

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020234230	FLUID MECHANICS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

# **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I	FLUID AND FLUID PROPERTIES				
Theory:		5			
Concept a	nd classification of fluid, Properties of fluid - Density - Specific				
weight - S	pecific volume - Specific gravity - Viscosity - Surface tension -				
Cohesion 8	Adhesion – Capillarity - Bulk modulus of elasticity - Vapor Pressure				
- Descriptio	on and Simple problems.				
Practical:					
1. Demons	trate various fluid properties viscosity, surface tension, cohesion &				
Adhesion a	and capillarity.				
Unit II	PRESSURE MEASURING DEVICES				
Theory:		5			
Pressure h	ead- atmospheric gauge and vacuum pressure – Classification of				
pressure measuring devices - Working and application of pressure measuring					
devices: F	Piezometer- Simple U tube manometers – Differential U tube				
manomete	rs – problems - Pressure Gauges - Description.				
Practical:		3			
2. Measure	e the fluid pressure using a simple manometer and pressuregauge.				
Find the pr	essure difference using differential manometer.				
Unit III	FLUID KINEMATICS & FLUID DYNAMICS				
Theory:		8			
Fluid Kine	matics: Streamline, path line and streak lines and stream tube,				
classification of fluid flowsReynolds number, steady & unsteady, uniform,					
non-uniform, laminar, turbulent, rotational, and irrotational flows-equation of					
continuity for one dimensional flow.					
Fluid Dyna	amics: Energies of fluid-Bernoulli's equations for flow along a				
streamline	- Description and simple problems - Applications of Bernoulli's				
theorem - \	/enturimeter and Orificemeter - Description.				



1020234230	FLUID MECHANICS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

Practical:		6
	3. Verify Bernoulli's theorem.	
4. Me	asure the discharge of the fluid flow using venturi meter or Orifice Meter.	
Unit IV	FLOW THROUGH PIPES	
Theory:		4
Introductio	n to pipe and pipe flow - Major and minor losses - Reynold's experiment,	
friction fa	ctor, Darcy's and Chezy's equations - Description only, Moody's chart-	
Water han	nmer and cavitation, its cause, effect, and remedies.	
Practical:		3
5. Find the	friction factor for the given pipeline.	
Unit V	HYDRAULIC MACHINES	
Theory:		8
Reciproca	ting Pump: classifications - single and Double Acting Reciprocating Pump	
- Working	- Discharge, coefficient of discharge, Air vessels.	
Centrifuga	Pump: Classification - working of Single stage Centrifugal Pump - Main	
componer	nts of centrifugal pump - head of pump - priming - self priming – pumpsin	
series & pa	arallel - losses in centrifugal pumps - selection of pump.	
Hydraulic	Turbines: Introduction - Classification of turbines, impulse turbine -	
constructio	on and working of impulse turbine - reaction turbines - construction and	
working o	f Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine - draft tube and its types – surge	
tank - sele	ction of hydraulic turbines.	
Practical:		6
6. Perforn	n a test on the reciprocating pump or centrifugal pump test rig and find	
the efficie	ncy.	
7. Perform	a test on a hydraulic turbine test rig and find the efficiency.	
	Test + Revision	10
	TOTAL HOURS	60



# Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Compare the following liquids concerning their density (for the same mass, compare the volume) (1) Petrol (2) Water (3) Edible oil (4) Caster oil (5) Mercury
- Compare the following liquids concerning their viscosity (for the same temperature, compare the velocity) (1) Petrol (2) Water (3) Edible oil (4) Caster oil (5) Mercury
- Calculate the water weight when your home's water tank is completely filled with water.
- Observe the working of a Hydraulic Jack and relate it with Pascal's law.
- Observe the discharge water condition from a pipe at the time of car washing with a nozzle and without a nozzle and explain the difference considering Bernoulli's equation.
- Draw a line diagram of the water supply & distribution line of your hydraulic lab and indicate the source of major and minor losses in it.
- Visit the manufacturer's website for hydraulic pumps, collect the catalog, and select a suitable pump for your home application.
- Prepare a demonstration model of the hydroelectric power plant.
- Prepare a demonstration model of the hydraulic devices.
- Observe pressure gauges used by roadside tire workers, blood pressure measurement by doctors and pressure gauges mounted on a turbine test rig and write a report on it.
- Prepare a report on real life applications of hydraulic systems and pneumatic systems at your college.

## **Textbooks & Reference Books:**

- 1. A Textbook of Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, R.S. Khurmi, -Edn.18, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines by R. K Rajput and and S.Chand & Co, New Delhi.
- 3. Hydraulic Machines, Jagadishlal, , Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, R. K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications Pvt., Ltd, New Delhi.



#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105206
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104117
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103249
- 4. https://www.classcentral.com/course/youtube-fluid-mechanics-concept-derivationvideos-53034
- 5. https://fmc-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/fluid-machinery/exp/centrifugal-pump/index.html
- 6. https://me.iitp.ac.in/Virtual-Fluid-Laboratory/
- 7. https://eerc03-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
- 8. https://fm-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

#### Equipment / Facilities required for conducting the Practical Course.

1.	Pressure Measuring Devices	Sufficient quantity.
2.	Bernoulli's theorem experimental set up	1 no.
3.	Venturi Meter or Orificemeter experimental setup	1 no.
4.	Pipe friction factor experimental set up	1 no.
5.	Centrifugal Pump experimental set up (or)	
	Reciprocating Pump experimental set up	1 no.
6.	Hydraulic turbine test rig.	1 no.
	Required instruments and consumables.	

•

#### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

Max. Marks: 100

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1025234320	METAL CUTTING, CNC MACHINES AND 3D PRINTING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

#### **INTRODUCTION:**

Metal cutting is a fundamental process in manufacturing industries where raw metal materials are shaped into desired forms through various cutting techniques. This process is essential for creating precision components used in industries ranging from automotive and aerospace to electronics and construction. One of the most advanced methods for metal cutting is Computer Numerical Control (CNC) machining. CNC machines are automated tools that use computerized controls to precisely execute pre-programmed commands. These commands dictate the movement of cutting tools and the rotation of workpieces, allowing for highly accurate and repeatable production processes. These machines offer several advantages over traditional manual machining methods, such as increased productivity, consistency, and the ability to produce complex geometries with tight tolerances.

## COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Expose to the Concept and Basic Mechanics of Metal Cutting.
- Familiarize with working Standard Machine Tools such as Lathe and Milling.
- Familiarize with the working of the Grinding Process.
- Features and selection of CNC turning and milling machines.
- Practice in part programming and operation of CNC turning machines, subroutine techniques, and use of cycles and machining the components using CNC machines.
- Study the working of 3D printing and its applications.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the concept and basic of Mechanics of Metal Cutting.
- **CO2:** Know the operations of Lathe, Milling, grinding, shaper, slotter machines, and demonstrate the need for such machines for sustainable development.
- **CO3:** Develop proficiency in operating CNC machines, including setting up workpieces, tooling, and executing machining operations accurately and efficiently.
- **CO4:** Create simple components using CNC tuning and milling centers.
- **CO5:** Understand the working and applications of 3D printing.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1025234320	METAL CUTTING, CNC MACHINES AND 3D PRINTING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

## **PRE-REQUISITES:**

- Basic working practice of Lathe, Milling, and grinding machines.
- Basic knowledge and working principles of CNC machines and 3D printing.

# CO/PO Mapping

CO / PO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	1	1	2	1	-	1
C02	3	1	2	3	2	-	1
C03	3	1	2	3	2	-	1
CO4	3	1	2	3	2	-	1
C05	3	1	2	3	2	-	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY:**

- Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area. Teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is the outcome and employability-based.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1025234320	METAL CUTTING. CNC MACHINES AND 3D	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PRINTING	0	0	4	2

## ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY:

		Continuou	is Assessment (4	0 marks)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Practical Document	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	First Cycle	Second Cycle	All Exercises	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	Regularly	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	10	20	60
Marks 10		10	20	60	
Tentative Schedule	7 <sup>th</sup> Week	14 <sup>th</sup> Week	15 <sup>th</sup> Week	16 <sup>th</sup> Week	

## Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments as per the portions mentioned above should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded will be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Cycle 1 - Exercises 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Cycle 2 - Exercises 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.



#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks
А	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Preparation and Setting / Writing CNC Program / Modelling	20
С	Operation / Machining / Simulation / Slicing	20
	TOTAL MARKS	50

• **CA 3:** Practical document should be maintained for every exercise immediately after completion of the practice. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the internal assessment. The practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test and End Semester Examination with a bonafide certificate.

# The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The part program and sketch should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

• **CA 4:** All the exercises should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment.



1025234320	METAL CUTTING. CNC MACHINES AND 3D	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PRINTING	0	0	4	2

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks
А	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Preparation and Setting / Writing CNC Program / Modelling	30
С	Operation / Machining / Simulation / Slicing	30
D	Finish / Output	20
E	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100

#### SYLLABUS CONTENTS:

# INTRODUCTION Metal Cutting: Theory of Metal Cutting: Chip Formation, Orthogonal Cutting – Oblique Cutting – Tool Geometry – Tool nomenclature – Cutting tool materials. Lathe – Centre Lathe: Introduction – specifications – machining operations done on lathe. Milling: Milling cutters – Milling operations – Indexing – Gear cutting. Grinding: Grinding Process – Cylindrical Grinding, Surface Grinding – Tool and cutter grinder. Reciprocating machines: Shaper – Slotter – Planer. CNC Machines: Study of CNC lathe, milling – Study of international standard codes: G-Codes and M-Codes. Format – Dimensioning methods. – Program writing – Turning simulator – Milling simulator, IS practice – commands menus – Editing the program in the CNC machines. – Set the machine and execute the program in the CNC machines. 3D Printing: Introduction – types - modelling software – slicing software – parameters like layer thickness – orientation and infill on build time.



1025234320	METAL CUTTING. CNC MACHINES AND 3D	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PRINTING	0	0	4	2
PRACTICAL EXERCISES – CYCLE 1 - METAL CUTTING					

# I. LATHE

1. Grooving and Taper Turning.



4

2

4

87

# 2. Thread cutting.



# **II. MILLING MACHINE**

3. Make Spur Gear using Horizontal milling machine by simple Indexing.

OUTER DIAMETER Ø 50mm MODULE : 2mm NO.OF TEETH : 16



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023





1025234320

PRACTICAL

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DPE

1025234320	METAL CUTTING. CNC MACHINES AND 3D	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PRINTING	0	0	4	2

11. Model the given engineering component and prepare the .stl file to print using a 3D	4
printer or simulator Geneva Wheel.	1
	1
	1
12. Model the given engineering component and prepare the .stl file to print using a 3D printer	4
or simulator C Clamp with V Block.	1
Test and Revision	10
Total	60

## SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENTS ACTIVITY:

- 1. Observe the Lathe machine in the institute and study its specifications. List the possible operations that can be done on that machine.
- 2. Study different reciprocating machines available and draw the line sketch to study the working principle.
- 3. Study the types of grinding wheels available for industrial applications. Classify the abrasive materials and its properties.
- 4. Field visit nearby industries based on CNC machines and make report.
- 5. Visit to any three 3D printing industries and make reports.

## **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- "Elements of Workshop Technology" Vol. I & II, Hajra Choudry & Battacharya, Edn. 11, published by Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Seervai Buildings `B', 20-G, Noshir Bharucha Marg, Mumbai 400 007 – 2007.
- "Production Technology", HMT, Edn. 18, published by Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 7,West Patel Nagar, New Delhi 110 008.
- 3. "CNC machines" by Prof.P Radhakrishnan.
- 4. "Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications" ,Chee Kai Chua, Kah Fai Leong, Chu Sing Lim, , Volume 2.



1025234320	METAL CUTTING. CNC MACHINES AND 3D	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PRINTING	0	0	4	2

#### WEB-BASED/ONLINE RESOURCES:

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Wc2gpWcmGK4</u> Lathe Machine Operations.
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zzXdddrV2so</u> Milling machine.
- 3. <u>www.youtube.com/watch?v=T5gjkYvMg8A</u>
- 4. https://download.slicer.org/
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/eTo700krpcQ</u> FDM.

## EQUIPMENT / FACILITIES REQUIRED TO CONDUCT THE PRACTICAL COURSE.

S.NO	NAME OF THE EQUIPMENT	QUANTITY REQUIRED.
1.	Center Lathe 4 ½ ' Bed length	10 Nos.
2.	Cutting Tool H.S.S ¼ " X ¼ " X 4 " long	10 Nos.
3.	4 Jaw / 3 Jaw Chucks, Chuck key (10 mm x 10 mm size)	Required Numbers.
4.	Vernier Caliper, Micrometer, Inside and Outside. (0-25 and 25-50)	Each 5 Nos.
5.	Steel Rule (0-150)	10 Nos.
6.	Outside and Inside Caliper.	10 Nos.
7.	Dial Gauge with Magnetic Stand	10 Nos.
8.	Marking Gauge	10 Nos.
9.	Horizontal milling machine	1 No.
10.	Surface Grinding Machine	1 No.
11.	Tool and Cutter Grinder	1 No.
12.	Shaping Machine	1 No.



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PRACTICAL	PRINTING	0	0	4	2

13.	CNC Turning centre	1 No.
14.	CNC Milling Centre	1 No.
15.	Tools and Measuring instruments	Sufficient quantity.
16.	Consumables	Sufficient quantity.
17.	Personal Computer	10 Nos.
18.	3D printer (Modelling and slicing software)	As per the requirement
19.	Laser/Inkjet Printer	1 No.

## END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

- All the exercises should be completed. All the exercise should be given for examinations, students can select any one exercise by lot, or the question paper supplied by the DOTE shall be used.
- Practical documents should be prepared, the same should be submitted for the End Semester Examinations along with the bonafide certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
A	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Preparation and Setting / Writing CNC Program / Modelling	30
С	Operation / Machining / Simulation / Slicing	30
D	Finish / Output	20
E	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100

## **DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS**



#### Introduction

The primary objective of mechanical instrumentation is to provide fundamental principles of mechanical measurements. Working with mechanical instruments helps students develop practical skills such as measurement techniques, data acquisition, and analysis. This paves the way for them to design experiments, select appropriate instruments, interpret data, and draw conclusions. Through theoretical knowledge and experiments conducted in the lab, students can understand principles, applications, and importance of instruments used to measure, monitor, and control physical parameters in various fields of engineering, science, and industry. This equips students with essential knowledge and skills for tackling real-world challenges and contributing to advancements in technology and innovation.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student

- To understand the fundamental concepts of measurement.
- To understand the methods and principles of instrumentations of various systems.
- To understand different instruments and processes theoretically as well as experimentally.
- To apply the principles of instrumentation for transducers & measurement of parameters like temperature, pressure, flow, speed, force, and stress.
- To be familiar with various measuring instruments in industries.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Describe the concept of measurement and instrumentation.

CO2: Identify and select the appropriate instrument.

CO3: Measure, monitor, and control various parameters in engineering applications.

CO4: Evaluate the different measuring parameters.

CO5: Apply the learned concepts in the industries as well as use different instruments for measurements.



DPE

1025234440	MECHANICAL INSTRUMENTATION	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

## **Pre-requisites**

Basic knowledge of measurements.

## CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	-	2	2	-	-	-
C02	3	-	2	2	-	-	2
C03	3	-	2	3	-	-	2
CO4	3	1	2	2	-	-	2
C05	3	-	3	2	1	1	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### Instructional Strategy:

- To provide hands-on experience, promote active learning, and reinforce theoretical concepts.
- Start each lab session with demonstrations of the instruments and measurement techniques to be used.
- Connect lab activities with theoretical concepts covered in lectures or readings.
- Provide constructive feedback on students' performance and progress throughout the lab sessions.



1025234440	MECHANICAL INSTRUMENTATION	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### Assessment Methodology:

	C	End Semester			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical	Practical	Written Test	Practical	Practical
	Test	Test	Theory	Test	Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Units	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks					
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7 <sup>th</sup> Week	14 <sup>th</sup> Week	15 <sup>th</sup> Week	16 <sup>th</sup> Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



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# The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The observations, readings, calculations and sketches should be written by the student manually in the document.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

Part	Description	Marks
A	Procedure / Preparation	10
В	Block Diagram, Reading and Graph	20
С	Execution of circuit	20
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	60	

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle I: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

**Cycle II:** 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

 CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

<b>Question patter</b>	n –	Written	Test	Theory
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	Description	Marks		
Part – A	30 MCQ from the complete theory portions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks	
Part – B	Seven Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks	
	100 Marks			



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023
• **CA4**: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

Part	Description	Marks
А	Procedure / Preparation	10
В	Block Diagram, Reading and Graph	20
С	Execution of circuit	20
D	Output / Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	TOTAL MARKS	100

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

### Syllabus contents

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO INSTRUMENTS ; DISPLACEMENT, PRESSURE, TEMPER	RATURE
	AND FLOW MEASUREMENT.	
Introductio	n to Instruments: Introduction - Classification of instruments - Static	
Characteris	stics - Dynamic Characteristics - Measurement of error - Classification of errors.	
Transduce	rs - Classification of Transducers.	
Displacem	ent Measurement: Capacitive transducer, Potentiometer LVDT, RVDT,	
Specificati	on, Selection & application of displacement transducer. Pressure Measurement:	
Low press	re gauges- McLeod Gauge, Thermal conductivity gauge, Ionization gauge, High	
Pressure G	auge-Diaphragm, Bellows, Bourdon tube, piezoelectric type.	
Temperatu	re Measurement: Non-electrical methods - Bimetal, Liquid in glass thermometer	9
and Press	ure thermometer. Electrical methods - Thermistor, Thermoelectric methods	
elements c	f thermocouple, law of Intermediate metals.	
Flow Mea	surements: Variable area meter - Rota meter, Variable velocity meter –	
Anemomet	er, Hot wire anemometer	
Practical E	xercises:	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
1	Measure displacement by using inductive transducer. (Linear variable	
		4
	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics.	4
2	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube	4
2	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube pressure gauge.	4
2 3	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube pressure gauge. Measure temperature by thermocouple and verifying by thermometer.	4
2 3 4	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube pressure gauge. Measure temperature by thermocouple and verifying by thermometer. Measure flow of liquid by rotameter.	4 4 4 4 4 4
2 3 4 UNIT II	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube pressure gauge. Measure temperature by thermocouple and verifying by thermometer. Measure flow of liquid by rotameter. LIQUID LEVEL, SPEED, STRAIN AND FORCE MEASUREMENT	4 4 4 4
2 3 4 UNIT II Liquid leve	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube pressure gauge. Measure temperature by thermocouple and verifying by thermometer. Measure flow of liquid by rotameter. LIQUID LEVEL, SPEED, STRAIN AND FORCE MEASUREMENT measurement – direct and indirect methods.	4 4 4 4
2 3 4 UNIT II Liquid leve Speed mea	displacement transducer i.e. LVDT) and verify its characteristics. Measure negative pressure or vacuum using McLeod gauge / Bourdon tube pressure gauge. Measure temperature by thermocouple and verifying by thermometer. Measure flow of liquid by rotameter. LIQUID LEVEL, SPEED, STRAIN AND FORCE MEASUREMENT measurement – direct and indirect methods. Isurement -Eddy current generation type tachometer, Mechanical Tachometers,	4 4 4 6



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

Strain Moa	surament. Stress strain relation types of strain gauges resistance strain gauge.	
Stidiri wea	Surement - Stress-Strain relation, types of strain gauges, resistance strain gauge-	1
bonded and	d unbonded, types. Torque Measurement.	
Practical E	xercises:	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
5	Measure liquid level by capacitive transducer system.	4
6	Measure speed of rotating shaft by stroboscope	4
7	Measure speed of rotating shaft by inductive pick up.	4
8	Measure force or weight by load cell.	4
9	Measure strain by using basic strain gauge and verify the stress induced.	4
10	Measurement of Torque.	4
	Student activity + Assessment Test + Revision	20
	TOTAL HOURS	75

### List of Students Activity to be performed:

(NOT FOR BOARD EXAMINATION- REPORT TO BE SUBMITTED)

• Find the static characteristics of instruments with demonstration of any two measuring instrument.

### Reference

- 1. Mechanical Measurements & Control-D.S.Kumar-Metropolitan Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Mechanical & Industrial Measurements-R.K.Jain-Khanna Publications, New Delhi
- 3. Mechanical Measurements & Instrumentation-A.K.Sawhney-Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi.
- 4. Measurement Systems-E. O. Doebelin-Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- 5. Mechanical Measurement & Control-R.V. Jalgaonkar-Everest Publishing House, Pune.

### Web-based/Online Resources

 NPTEL (Website): The National Programme on Technology Enhanced Learning (NPTEL) offers free online courses on Principles on Mechanical Measurement. NPTEL Mechanical Engineering. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103261/



1025234440	MECHANICAL INSTRUMENTATION	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

### List of Equipments:

S.No.	Name of Equipments	Quantity
1.	Thermometer	2 Nos
2.	Temperature gauge / Temperature transducer	2 Nos
3.	Pressure measuring setup using McLeod gauge / Bourdon-tube pressure gauge.	2 Nos
4.	Strain measurement module using Strain gauge	2 Nos
5.	Displacement measurement module using LVDT	2 Nos
б.	3 wire RTD (PT-50 / PT-100) with industrial standard	2 Nos
7.	Thermocouple (J-type / K-type) with industrial standard	2 Nos
8.	Water bath with heater arrangement	2 Nos
9.	Furnace with blower arrangement	1 No.
10.	Load cell instruments and measurement setup	2 Nos
11.	Torsion meter/strain gauge torque transducers	2 Nos
12.	Capacitance transducers, water level trainer kit	2 Nos
13	Multi meter	2 Nos
14	DC Motor, photoelectric pick up kit, CRO connecting	2 Nos
15	Stroboscope	2 Nos



### Additional Instructions

- For the record of work done for practical exercises, record notebook / printed manual may be used. In this, the student should draw a diagram, and mention the readings/observations, calculations and result manually. The same should be submitted for the examinations with Bonafide Certificate.
- The proper safety procedure and norms should be followed with proper uniform with safety shoes during the practices.
- All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot, or the question paper provided by the DOTE.

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - PRACTICAL EXAM

Part	Description	Marks
А	Procedure / Preparation	10
В	Block Diagram, Reading and Graph	20
С	Execution of circuit	20
D	Output / Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	TOTAL MARKS	100

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1025234540		L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	TECHNOLOGY	1	0	4	3

### **INTRODUCTION:**

Thermal engineering and automobile technology laboratory provides insights on the construction and working of IC engines. The students will also be introduced to the various governing laws of air standard cycles. The students will also be able to compute the various performance parameters of the IC engines. As production engineering students, they will be able to execute dismantling, servicing and assembling of various components that are associated with IC engines. Apart from this, the students will acquire essential knowledge of vapour compression refrigeration system.

### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Identify various components, systems and subsystems of Diesel and petrol engines and to know the significance of the timing of valve and port opening in IC engines.
- Analyze the performance characteristics of single cylinder and multi cylinder internal combustion engines.
- To be able to know the significance of timely servicing of various parts and equipment associated with IC engines.
- To acquire knowledge about refrigeration system and compute the COP of vapour compression refrigeration system.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO1: Students will be able to understand the construction and working of IC engines.

CO2: Students will be able to dismantle, service and refit the various components / equipment of IC engine system.

CO3: Students should be able to differentiate between the working of petrol and diesel engines.

CO4: Students will be able to calculate the engine power, efficiency calculations various operating characteristics of two stroke and four stroke I.C Engines.

CO5: Students will be able to understand the concept of refrigeration and air conditioning.

#### Pre-requisites

Basic knowledge of laws governing physics and basic mathematical knowledge .



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

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PRACTICUM	TECHNOLOGY	1	0	4	3

### CO/PO Mapping

CO/PO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	2	2	2	-	3	1	3
C02	3	3	3	2	1	1	2
CO3	1	3	3	2	3	1	2
C04	3	3	3	2	2	1	2
C05	3	2	2	2	2	1	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Instructional Strategy:

- > To develop a safe environment by inculcating the importance of safety among the students
- > To introduce the theory concept prior to each exercise.
- To provide demonstration about the purpose of each equipment that is connected to the exercise
   / experiment. Provide a demo about conducting the exercise/experiment.
- To make students actively participate in the session by providing hands-on experience to conduct the experiment/exercise and reinforce theoretical concepts.
- Provide constructive feedback on students' performance and progress throughout the lab sessions.



1025234540		L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	TECHNOLOGY	1	0	4	3

### Assessment Methodology:

		Continuou	is Assessment (4	0 marks)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical	Practical	Written Test	Practical	Practical
	Test	Test	Theory	Test	Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Units	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks					
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7 <sup>th</sup> Week	14 <sup>th</sup> Week	15 <sup>th</sup> Week	16 <sup>th</sup> Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



1025234540		L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	TECHNOLOGY	1	0	4	3

### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The observations, readings, calculations and sketches should be written by the student manually in the document.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

Part	Description	Marks
A	Aim and Procedure	10
В	Tabulation, Calculation and Diagram	20
С	Execution of the exercise	20
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	TOTAL MARKS	60

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle I: Exercises 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

Cycle II: Exercises 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

 CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

Question patte	rn – Written	<b>Test Theory</b>
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Description		Marks	
Part – A	30 MCQ from the complete theory portions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	Seven Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
TOTAL			100 Marks



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1025234540		L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	TECHNOLOGY	1	0	4	3

CA4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

Part	Description	Marks
А	Aim and Procedure	10
В	Tabulation, Calculation and Diagram	20
С	Execution of the exercise	20
D	Output / Result	10
Е	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	100	

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

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#### **SYLLABUS CONTENTS:**

THEORY	7	
Unit I	IC ENGINES -INTRODUCTION, WORKING AND PERFORMANCE	Hours
1.1	<b>BASICS OF THERMODYNAMICS:</b> Definition- mass and weight – pressure – gauge and absolute pressure – temperature – absolute temperature – heat – specific heat – thermodynamic systems – properties of system – laws of thermodynamics – Zeroth law of thermodynamics – First law of thermodynamics – Second law of thermodynamics.	3
1.2	PROPERTIES OF PERFECT GASES : Introduction – Laws of perfect gases and its equations–Thermodynamics processes of perfect gases : Constant volume process – constant pressure process – isothermal process – adiabatic process – polytropic process - Equation of heat transfer, change of internal energy, change of entropy and Work done of various process	3
1.3	AIR CYCLES : Introduction – assumptions – classifications – efficiency of the cycle – reversible cycle – irreversible cycle – types of thermodynamic cycles – Carnot cycle –Otto cycle – Diesel cycle (Description only)	3
1.4	IC ENGINES : Introduction- classifications – four stroke cycle petrol and diesel engines- two stroke cycle – petrol and diesel engines – comparison - valve timing and port timing diagram Performance of IC Engines : Performance of I.C engines - indicated power - brake power - friction power efficiencies of I.C engines- indicated thermal, brake thermal, mechanical and relative efficiencies - Morse test- procedure - problems.	3



1025234540

PRACTICUM

# THERMAL ENGINEERING AND AUTOMOBILE TECHNOLOGY

L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

PRACTI	CAL EXERCISES	
Ex.No	NAME OF THE EXERCISE / EXPERIMENT	HOURS
1.	Draw a port timing diagram of two stroke petrol / diesel engine	4
2.	Draw a valve timing diagram of four stroke petrol engine	4
3.	Draw a valve timing diagram of four stroke diesel engine	4
1	Conduct the performance test on Petrol / Diesel engine and draw the	4
ч.	performance curves.	
5.	Conduct a Morse test on multi cylinder Petrol engine / Diesel engine.	4
Unit II	IC ENGINES COMPONENTS AND INTRODUCTION TO REFRIGERATION SYSTEM	
2.1	CONSTRUCTION OF IC ENGINES - Components of Cylinder Assembly -	
	Carburetor - Fuel injection system - Fuel Injector - CRDI System - MPFI System-	4
	Various Pumps	
2.2	<b>REFRIGERATION</b> – definitions – refrigerating effect- unit of refrigeration – COP-	
	Refrigerators and heat pumps - types and applications of refrigeration - Vapour	4
	Compression Refrigeration System.	
PRACTI	CAL EXERCISES	
Ex.No	NAME OF THE EXERCISE / EXPERIMENT	HOURS
6	Dismantling, servicing and assembling a two stroke or four stroke IC engine	1
0.	cylinder assembly.	4
7	Removing, servicing and replacing fuel pump or oil pump or water pump and	Л
7.	study the working of the pump.	4
8	Dismantling, servicing and assembling of SOLEX or SU carburetors and study	1
0.	the working of the carburetor.	4
0	Dismantling and assembling of fuel injector and study of components in	Л
9.	CRDI/MPFI.	4
10	Find the Coefficient of Performance of Vapour Compression Refrigeration	Л
10.	System.	4
	Students Activity + Continuous Assessment Test	15
	TOTAL HOURS	75



PRACTICUM

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### List of student activity to be performed:

1. For different compression ratios (at least 3) and with all other parameters remaining same the student may calculate the efficiency of the engine. A graph showing compression ratio vs efficiency can be plotted.

2. Compare isothermal and isentropic process and plot a graph for a gas that is expanded from a initial pressure and volume to final pressure and volume. The mass of the gas shall remain same in both the process.

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Nag. P.K., "Engineering Thermodynamics", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2007.

2. V.Ganesan, "Internal Combustion Engines" Mcgraw-hill Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.

3. Rathakrishnan E., "Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics" Prentice-Hall India, 2005.

- 4. Arora C.P, "Thermodynamics", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. R. K. Rajput," Applied Thermodynamics" Laxmi Publications, Ltd., 2009
- 6. Holman. J. P., "Thermodynamics", 3rd Ed. McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 7. B.K.Sarkar, "Thermal Engineering"McGraw-Hill Education (India) pvt ltd, 2001

8. <u>Yunus A. Cengel</u>, <u>Michael A. Boles</u>, <u>Mehmet Kanoglu</u> "Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach", 9th Edition, Mcgraw-Hill

### WEBSITES:

- 1. https://www.britannica.com/technology
- 2. https://learnmech.com
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103316



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

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### LIST OF EQUIPMENTS:

SI.No	Name of the Equipment	Quantity
1.	Basic and special tools.	Sufficient quantity.
2.	Model for Port timing diagram	1 no
3.	Model for Valve timing diagram(diesel and petrol engine)	1 each
4.	Petrol engine/ Diesel engine test rig to conduct load test	1 No
5.	Multi cylinder Petrol engine test rig to conduct Morse test.	1 No
6.	Two stroke / Four stroke IC engine cylinder assembly	1 No
7.	SOLEX carburetor / SU carburetor	1 No
8.	MPFI system / CRDI system	1 No
9.	Fuel injector	1 No
10.	Fuel pump or Oil pump or Water pump	1 No
11.	Test rig for finding COP of refrigerator.	1 No



PRACTICUM

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### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The record of work done by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

Part	Description	Marks
А	Aim and Procedure	10
В	Tabulation, Calculation and Diagram	20
С	Execution of the exercise	20
D	Output / Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	TOTAL MARKS	100

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

**Note:** For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1025234640

PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

#### Introduction

Hydraulics and pneumatics are critical components in modern engineering, playing a vital role in the operation of machinery and equipment across various industries. This practical course introduces students to the fundamental principles and applications of hydraulic and pneumatic systems. Through hands-on experiments and exercises, students will explore the behavior of fluids under pressure, the operation of hydraulic and pneumatic circuits, and the functionality of key components such as pumps, valves, actuators, and compressors. By the end of the course, students will gain practical skills in designing, analyzing, and troubleshooting hydraulic and pneumatic systems, preparing them for real-world engineering challenges in fields such as manufacturing, automation, and robotics.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- Understand the various components of hydraulic and pneumatic systems.
- Design basic hydraulic circuits to actuate hydraulic motors and cylinders.
- Design basic pneumatic circuits to actuate pneumatic cylinder.
- Develop basic PLC programs to control pneumatic cylinders using PLC kit.
- Operate hydraulic and pneumatic systems using basic circuits and PLC programs.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Discuss the various components of hydraulic and pneumatic systems.
- CO2: Construct the circuit and observe the behavior of hydraulic motor and cylinder.
- CO3: Demonstrate the use of PLC kit in controlling hydraulic system using basic PLC program.
- CO4: Construct the circuit and observe the behavior of pneumatic cylinders.
- CO5: Demonstrate the use of PLC kit in controlling pneumatic system using basic PLC program.



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1025234640	APPLIED HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	APPLIED HTDRAULIUS AND PNEUMATIUS	1	0	4	3

### Pre-requisites

Applied Physics, Basic Electrical and Mechanical Engineering.

### CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	1	2	3	1	-	1
C02	3	1	3	3	1	-	1
C03	3	1	3	3	1	-	1
C04	3	1	3	3	1	-	1
C05	3	1	3	3	1	-	1

Legend: 3-HighCorrelation, 2-MediumCorrelation, 1-LowCorrelation

### Instructional Strategy:

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations / Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.



1025234640		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	APPLIED HTDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS	1	0	4	3

### Assessment Methodology:

		Continuou	is Assessment (4	0 marks)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical	Practical	Written Test	Practical	Practical
	Test	Test	Theory	Test	Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Units	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks					
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7 <sup>th</sup> Week	14 <sup>th</sup> Week	15 <sup>th</sup> Week	16 <sup>th</sup> Week	

#### Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The observations, readings, calculations and sketches should be written by the student manually in the document.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

Part	Description	Marks
A	Procedure / Preparation	10
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections / Execution	20
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	TOTAL MARKS	60

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

**Cycle I:** 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

**Cycle II:** 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

 CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

	Description		ks
Part – A	30 MCQ from the complete theory portions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	Seven Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
TOTAL			100 Marks



1025234640		L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	APPLIED HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS	1	0	4	3

• CA4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
А	Procedure / Preparation	10
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections / Execution	20
D	Output / Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	100	

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1025234640		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	APPLIED HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS	1	0	4	3

### **Syllabus Contents**

THEORY		
UNIT I: F	IYDRAULICS	Period
Introduct compone power se hydraulia Compore symbol of Pressure unloadire DC valve pressure cylinders accumu Hydrauli sequence	tion to Fluid Power Systems: Fluid power systems - general layout - ents of hydraulic & pneumatic systems - practical applications of Fluid ystems - comparison - advantages and limitations - safety protocols in c & pneumatic systems. ents of Hydraulic Systems: Types, construction, working principle and of the following components. Pump – vane, gear and piston pumps. Valves: e Control valves – pressure relief valve, pressure reducing valve, pressure g valve. Direction control valve – poppet valve, spool valve, 3/2, 4/2 & 4/3 es, sequencing valve. Flow control valve – pressure compensated – non e compensated. Actuators – linear actuators – single acting & double acting s – rotary actuators – hydraulic motors. Accessories – intensifiers and lators. c Circuits: Double acting cylinder with meter in, meter out circuits, ing circuit. Hydraulic circuits for milling machine, shaping machine.	8
	Practical Exercises:	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
1.	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF HYDRAULIC MOTOR <u>Activities to Perform:</u> i) Construct a hydraulic circuit to control hydraulic motor. ii) Observe the behaviour of hydraulic motor	4



1025234640 PRACTICUM				Т	Р	С		
		APPLIED HYDRAULIUS AND PNEUMATIUS	1	0	4	3		
2.	<ul> <li>OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF DOUBLE ACTING HYDRAULIC CYLINDER</li> <li><u>Activities to Perform:</u> <ul> <li>i) Construct a hydraulic circuit to control double acting cylinder.</li> <li>ii) Observe the behaviour of double acting cylinder.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>							
3.	SI M <u>A</u> (	<ul> <li>PEED CONTROL OF DOUBLE ACTING HYDRAULIC ETER-IN AND METER-OUT CIRCUIT</li> <li>ctivities to Perform: <ul> <li>i) Construct a meter-in and meter-out circuit to c double acting hydraulic cylinder.</li> <li>ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder as linear actu</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	CYLIN control ator.	NDER U	ISING	4		
4.	АІ Н` <u>А</u> (	<ul> <li>JTOMATIC OPERATION (MULTI CYCLE) OF A</li> <li>YDRAULIC CYLINDER USING PLC KIT</li> <li>ctivities to Perform: <ol> <li>Construct a hydraulic circuit to automatically</li> <li>acting cylinder using PLC kit.</li> <li>ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder as linear actu</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	DOUE opera	BLE AC	Duble	4		
5.	SI AI <u>A</u> d	EQUENTIAL OPERATION OF A DOUBLE ACTING HYD ND A MOTOR USING PLC KIT ctivities to Perform: i) Construct a hydraulic circuit to sequentially acting cylinder and a motor using PLC kit. ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder and motor.	operat	C CYLI	NDER	4		



L	Т	Ρ	С
1	0	4	3

Components of provinatio systems: Types, construction, working Principle					
Components of pneumatic systems: Types, construction, working Principle and					
symbol of the following components. Compressor - Reciprocating & R	otary				
Compressors. Valves: Pressure Control valves - pressure relief valve, pres	sure				
regulating valves. Direction control valves - 3/2, 5/2 & 5/3 DC valves, seque	cing				
valve. Flow control valve - throttle valves - shuttle valves quick exhaust va	ves.				
Actuators - Linear actuators - single acting & double acting cylinders - r	otary				
actuators – air motors. Accessories - FRL unit.					
Pneumatic Circuits: Double acting cylinder with meter in, meter out circuits, s	eed				
control circuit and sequencing circuit.	7				
Practical Exercises:					
Ex.No Name of the Experiment	Period				
OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF SINGLE ACTING AND DOUBLE A	TING				
PNEUMATIC CYLINDER					
Activities to Perform:					
6. i) Construct a pneumatic circuit to control single acting and a	ouble <b>4</b>				
acting cylinder.					
$ii) \$ Observe the behaviour of single acting and double acting cyli	ider.				
SPEED CONTROL OF DOUBLE ACTING PNEUMATIC CYLINDER	SING				
METER-IN AND METER-OUT CIRCUIT					
Activities to Perform:					
7. i) Construct a meter-in and meter-out circuit to control the sp	ed of <b>4</b>				
double acting pneumatic cylinder.					
ii) Discuss the behaviour of double acting cylinder.					



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	PNELIMATIC CYLINDER LISING LIMIT SWITCH	
0	Activities to Perform:	4
8.	i) Construct a pneumatic circuit to automatically operate (single	
	cycle) a double acting cylinder using limit switch.	
	ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder as linear actuator.	
	AUTOMATIC OPERATION (MULTI CYCLE) OF A DOUBLE ACTING	
	PNEUMATIC CYLINDER USING PLC KIT	
	Activities to Perform:	4
9.	i) Construct a pneumatic circuit to automatically operate a double	
	acting cylinder using PLC kit.	
	ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder as linear actuator.	
	,, ,	
	AND A MOTOR LISING PLC KIT	
	Activities to Perform:	
10.	i) Construct a pneumatic circuit to sequentially operate a double	4
	acting cylinder and a motor using PLC kit.	
	ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder and motor.	
	Assessment Test + Revision + Students Activity	20
	Total Period	75
		- •



PRACTICUM

### Suggested List of Students Activity:

Activity 1: Each student to write and submit an assignment on the topic 'Basics of Hydraulics and Pneumatics'.

Activity 2: Four students can be grouped as a batch and practice an additional experiment of designing a hydraulic or pneumatic circuit to control two cylinders synchronously.

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. "Fluid Power with Applications", Anthony Esposito, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2018.
- 2. "Oil Hydraulics Systems- Principles and Maintenance", Majumdar S.R., Tata McGraw- Hill, New Delhi, 2017.
- 3. "Pneumatic Systems: Principles and Maintenance" Majumdar S.R., Tata McGraw- Hill, New Delhi, 2017.
- 4. "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls", Shanmugasundaram. K, Chand & Co, 2006.
- 5. "Fluid Power: Theory and Applications", James Sullivan, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1997.
- 6. "Basic Fluid Power", Dudelyt, A Pease and John J Pippenger, Prentice Hall, 1987.
- 7. "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls", Srinivasan.R, Vijay Nicole Imprints, 2008.

### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://youtu.be/-SQvrrzIAac?list=PLIMdd\_mE4yZGWJ32cgnK2-bs44Gpj81xi
- <u>https://youtu.be/OcsXgw5N10U?list=PLbMVogVj5nJTKwm1WjlutrAEZrLE995Ja</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/qSmNISwL5pk</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/I22svIVXYaY</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/zsajTNtxfAE</u>

Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.



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PRACTICUM

S No	Name of the Equipment's	Quantity
3. NU	Name of the Equipment's	Required
1	Hydraulics Trainer Kit	3 Nos
1.	(All Cylinders, Control Valves, Limit switches and other accessories)	
2	Pneumatic Trainer Kit	3 Nos
Ζ.	(All Cylinders, Control Valves, Limit switches and other accessories)	
3.	PLC Trainer Kit	2 Nos
4.	Computer with software	4 Nos
5.	Other Consumables	As Required

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - PRACTICAL EXAM

### Note:

All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The record of work done by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks
А	Procedure / Preparation	10
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections / Execution	20
D	Output / Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written Test	30
	100	

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

#### Introduction

Design plays a major role in developing engineering and technology. Machine Design is the creation of new and better machines and improving the existing ones. Elements Design is the process of selection of the material, shape, size and arrangement of mechanical elements so that the machine will perform its task. A process which includes design of all parts of a machine subjected to carry the forces without failure by transforming other forms of energy into mechanical energy.

### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to apply the various design procedures, principles and various stresses in the elements of machine design.

- 1. To understand and apply to Solve the problems of various types of failures, and design of joints.
- 2. To apply the Design procedure of keys and coupling.
- 3. To apply the Design procedure of belt drives and selection of belt drives.
- 4. To apply the design procedure of supported rotating element.
- 5. To understand the concept of Computer Aided Design.

#### **Course Outcome**

After successful completion of this course, the students can be able to

CO1: Calculate the dimensions of shaft and key for a given application

CO2: Design a coupling for a given application.

CO3:Select proper belt drive from manufacturers catalogue for power transmission under specified condition

CO4: Design journal bearing, and spur gear based on a given applications

CO5: Practice the CAD activities in various stages of product design

#### Prerequisites

Mathematics, Engineering Mechanics, Strength of Materials, and Engineering Drawing.





### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

#### **Assessment Methodology**

	C	End Semester			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	Duration2 Periods2 Periods		1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	40	40	60	100	100
Converted to	d 15 15		5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 40 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer Two questions (2 X 20 Marks = 40 Marks).

Four questions will be asked, students should write Two questions. Each unit Two questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Five questions by selecting One question from each unit. Each question carries 20 marks each.

Two questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any One question. The question may have two subdivisions only.

### CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	3	3				
C02	3	3	3				
C03	3	3	3				
C04	3	3	3				
C05	3	2	3				



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	0	3

### Syllabus Contents.

THEORY				
Unit I	Fundamentals of Design and Stresses			
Introduction	about Component Design. Engineering materials - Factors affecting	8		
selection of	f materials BIS designation of Ferrous materials – Preferred number -			
Factor of s	afety and allowable stress - Stresses: Tension, Compression, Shear,			
bearing pre	essure intensity, crushing, bending and torsion- Problem. Composite			
Material, ty	pes, property and applications.			
Creep stra	in and Creep Curve- Fatigue, S-N curve, Endurance Limit Stress			
Concentrati	on. Theories of Elastic Failures Principal normal stress theory,			
Maximum s	hear stress theory & Maximum distortion energy theory.			
Unit II	Design Of Coupling and Keys			
Couplings, I	Requirements of good couplings, types – design of rigid protected type	9		
flange coup	lings marine coupling pin type flexible couplings (description only). Keys			
- Types of	keys - design of sunk keys only - Effect of keyways on shaft -			
problems.				
Unit III	Design of Flat Belts and V-Belts	•		
Flat Belts:	Types of belts - materials for belt - types of belt drives - Speed ratio -	10		
effect of s	effect of slip - length of flat belts -Tension Ratio. centrifugal tension - power			
transmitted - condition for maximum power - transmission - Initial Tension - Design				
procedure of flat belts - Design of flat belt based on manufacturer's data only -				
problems.				
V-belt drive	- comparison with flat belt drive - designation of V belts - length of belt			
- power transmitted - Design of V-belt using manufacturer's data only - Problem.				



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

Unit IV	Design of Bearings	
Bearings: C	lassifications of bearings - sliding contact and rolling contact bearings	9
- radial and t	hrust bearings - roller bearing – types.	
Designatior	of ball bearings - materials used for bearings - design of journal	
bearings he	at generated, heat dissipated, cooling oil requirement - Problems.	
Design of jo	urnal bearings problems, design based on approved date book only.	
(No problen	n from dimensionless parameters)	
Unit V	Computer Aided Design (CAD) and Geometric Modelling	
CAD – Role	es of CAD in design - Development and uses – applications, advantages,	
Product life	cycle.	
Design pro	ocess: Sequential Engineering – Concurrent Engineering, Value	
Engineering	, Lean Manufacturing System.	9
Geometric	modelling, Solid modelling representation in CAD, Solid modelling	
approaches,	Constructive Solid Geometry, Boundary representation - Comparison -	
Finite Eleme	ent analysis - Prototype. (New Product Development technique)	

NOTE: Printed approved Design Data Books are permitted for all examinations / Approved data books abstract copy attested by the HOD and Principal can be used.

### Suggested list of Students Activity

- 1. Online MCQ shall be conducted for each unit.
- 2. Presentation and Seminar can be conducted.
- 3. Seminars about the product development process can be given.
- 4. Simulation practices of design and analysis can be given.



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

DPE

### Reference Books

- 1. Machine Design, Pandya & Shah, 20th Edn. 2015, Charotar Publishing House.
- 2. Machine Design, T. V. Sundararajamoorthy & N. Shanmugam, Revised Edition June-2018–Anuradha Publications.
- 3. Design Data Book by PSG College of Technology, DPV Printers.
- 4. A textbook of Machine Design, R.S. Khurmi & J.K.Gupta, Edn. 18,2005, S. Chand Publishing.
- 5. Design of Machine Elements, Bandari, 4th Edition 2016, Tata McGraw-Hill , New Delhi.
- 6. Mechanics of Composite Materials, Second Edition, 2006 Autar K. Kaw, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 7. "R.Radhakrishnan, and S.Subramanian, "CAD/CAM/CIM"2018, New Age International Pvt Limited.

#### Web Reference

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105125/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105124/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106137/

#### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam,

#### **DURATION: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks : 100

129

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Five questions by selecting One question from each unit. Each question carries 20 marks each. Printed Design Data Book and Approved abstract of the Data Book can be permitted.

#### Instruction to Question setters.

Two questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any One question. The question may have two subdivisions only.



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

#### Introduction

In the Indian Economy, Industries and enterprises always find a prominent place. After globalization, the government of India has announced a liberalization policy of starting an enterprise which resulted in the mushroom growth of industries. The present day students should be trained not only in manufacturing processes but also in managing activities of industries. Training must be imparted to students not only to shape them as technicians but also as good managers. The knowledge about plant, safety, work study techniques, personnel management and financial management will definitely mould the students as managers to suitthe industries. Due to the presence of such personalities the industries will leap for better prosperity and development.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- To study the different types of layout.
- To study the safety aspects and its impacts on an organization.
- To study different work measurement techniques.
- To study the staff selection procedure and training of them.
- To study capital and resources of capital.
- To study inventory control systems.
- To study engineering ethics and human values.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Select the plant layout by incorporating plant safety procedure
- CO2: Apply work study principles as a tool for plant management
- CO3: Describe the principles of management used in industries
- CO4: Apply various inventory control techniques in material management
- CO5: Describe modern management techniques used in shop floor



1020235230	INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	MANAGEMENT	3	0	2	4

### Pre-requisites

Basic knowledge of industries and its practices (through Industrial Visits)

### CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	PO4	P05	P06	P07
C01	3						
C02	3			2			
C03	3						
C04	3			2			
C05	3						

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Instructional Strategy

- Conduct group discussions on plant safety
- Encourage students to know about the share market details(BSE,NSE)
- Use PowerPoint presentations.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
З	0	2	4

### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	End			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (Any Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

#### Note:

 CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.



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PRACTICUM	MANAGEMENT	3	0	2	4

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise procedure and steps should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually in the document.

The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

SI.No.	Description	Marks
Α	Aim	10
В	Procedure / Steps	20
С	Explanation	20
D	Report	10
E	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

### **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**


1020235230	INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	MANAGEMENT	3	0	2	4

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

## **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

## Syllabus Contents.

## THEORY PORTION

Unit I	PLANT ENGINEERING AND PLANT SAFETY			
Plant Eng	ineering : Plant – Selection of site of industry – Plant layout – types –	9		
process, p	product and fixed position – Plant maintenance – importance – Break down			
maintena	nce, preventive maintenance and scheduled maintenance.			
Plant Saf	ety: Importance – Industrial safety and procedure-Improper handling-			
accident	- causes and cost of an accident - accident proneness - prevention of			
accidents-Settlement of industrial disputes - Indian Factories Act 1948 and its				
provisions	s related to health, welfare and safety.			
Unit II	METHOD STUDY AND WORK MEASUREMENT			
Method S	tudy: Definition – Ergonomics-Basic procedure for conduct of method study	9		
– Tools u	sed – Operation process chart, Flow process chart, two handed process			
chart- Ma	n machine chart.			
Work Mea	surement: Definition – Basic procedure in making a time study – Cycle time			
and Total Time-Techniques of work measurement - Ratio delay study, Synthesis from				
standard data, analytical estimating, Predetermined Motion Time				
System(P	MTS).			



PRACTICUM

# INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	2	4

Unit III	PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT		
Principles	of Management: Definition of management - Administration -	9	
Organizat	ion – F.W. Taylor's and Henry Fayol's Principles of Management -		
Selection	procedure - Training of workers - Apprentice training - On the job		
training a	nd vestibule school training - wages and salary administration –		
Compone	nts of wages.		
Unit IV	FINANCIAL AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT		
Financial	Management: Resources of capital – shares-preference and equity shares	9	
- debentu	ures-Factory costing - direct cost - indirect cost - Factory overhead -		
Selling pri	ce of a product – Profit –. Depreciation – Causes –Methods -Straight line,		
sinking fund and percentage on diminishing value method			
Material N	Nanagement: Objectives of good stock control system – ABC analysis of		
inventory	- Procurement and consumption cycle - Minimum Stock, Lead Time,		
Reorder L	evel - Economic order quantity – problems –Supply chain Management -		
Purchasing	g Procedure- Bin card.		
Unit V	MODERN MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES		
5S concep	t - Just in Time(JIT) - Kaizen - ERP - Kanban - SQC - SPC - PPC - TPM -TQM	9	
- Quality to	ools - 7QC Tools - PDCA Cycle		
Six sigma	- Industry 4.0 - Internet of things(IoT) - Cloud computing - AI and		
Machine L	earning-Management Information System(MIS).		
	Theory Portions	45	
	Practical	20	
	Practice + Revision + Test	10	
	Total	75	



#### **PRACTICAL EXERCISES**

20 Periods

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# 1. TO STUDY AND PREPARE OPERATION PROCESS CHART (OPC)FOR GIVEN ASSEMBLYAND SITUATION.

Assemble a Pedestal Electric Fan With Following Parts

- Base,
- pedestal,
- motor head ,
- switch set,
- rear guard,
- front guard,
- guard ring lock,
- blade,
- screws

## 2. To Study & Prepare Flow Process Chart (FPC) for the given assembly.

Construct a Flow Process Chart for the following:

- Move bar stock from store to hacksaw Dist. 8 meter
- Cutting of bar stock Time 4 min
- Move to lathe machine Dist. 6-meter
- Turning Process Time 5 min
- Move to milling machine Dist. 7-meter
- Wait for milling machine Time 2 min
- Milling keyway Time 10 min

## 3. To study & Prepare Man-Machine (Multiple Activity) Chart for the given situation

A chamfering, turning and threading operation is done on a job on lathe machine. Information of that operation is recorded as under. Show this information on man and machine chart.

- Carry bar stock from the store. 1 min
- To fix the job in lathe chuck. 2 min
- To carryout manual turning of the job. 1.5 min



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
3	0	2	4

137

- To carryout chamfering operation on job 1 min
- To carry out threading operations on the job. 2 min
- To bring the saddle back and rearrange it 0.5 min
- To carry out threading work on the job. 1.5 min
- Inspection of the job. 1 min
- To remove the job from the lathe chuck. 0.5 min
- Carrying completed work piece to store 1 min
- 4. To study & Calculate coefficient of correlation for time study person using performance rating technique.

Find actual rating using basic time. Plot a graph of actual rating v/s observed rating.

- At a time one student will walk a distance of 25 feet in a normal way.
- Another student (time-keeper) will note down the time taken for that student to walk.
- All the remaining students will assign ratings to the student walking in the observation table.
- Time-keeper will give time for that student to all the students.
- Repeat the same procedure changing the time-keeper and the student walking
- Find basic time using observations.
- 5. To study & Calculate standard time for the given job.



Basic time = Observed time × Rating of worker /Standard Rating Work Content= Basic time + Relaxation & Incidental Allowances Standard Time= Work Content + Other Allowances



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PRACTICUM	MANAGEMENT	3	0	2	4

## 6. To Draw Two Handed Process Chart For Bolt, Washer & Nut Assembly

To draw left and right hand process charts and to conduct time study for the bolt, washer & nut assembly of present and improved methods.

% TIME SAVED = AVERAGE TIME TAKEN FOR AN ASSEMBLY OLD METHOD-AVERAGE TIME TAKEN FOR AN ASSEMBLY NEW METHOD AVERAGE TIME TAKEN FOR AN ASSEMBLY OLD METHOD

## **APPARATUS REQUIRED:**

- 1. Stopwatch
- 2. Brass spindles
- 3. Nylon washers
- 4. Lock washers
- 5. Hexagonal nuts

## Suggested List of Students Activity

Presentation/seminars by the students on modern management techniques.Explore

various plants during industrial visits.

Find the selling price of a product using ladder diagrams.

Find depreciation values of vehicles.

Find standard time for a particular job (in lathe) using stopwatch time study methods.

## Reference

- 1. S.C.Sharma & T.R. Banga, Industrial Engineering and Management, 2nd Edition, Khanna Book Publishing, 2022.
- 2. S.Chand, Industrial Engineering and Production Management, 3rd Edition, S. Chand Publishing, 2018.
- 3. M.P.Poonia & S.C.Sharma, Industrial Safety and Maintenance Management,1 st Edition, Khanna Publishing, 2021.



#### Web-based Online Resources

- https://youtu.be/jFDWIKayrTc?si=oe4glWk9Qb18wxUx
- https://youtu.be/yhywrCChJBQ?si=7eXkcTyAsH8TNP6x

#### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



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1020235331	MODERN OC TOOLS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Introduction

Quality Control (QC) is a critical aspect of manufacturing and service industries, ensuring that products and services meet predefined standards and customer expectations. Over the years, QC has evolved significantly, incorporating advanced techniques and tools to improve efficiency, accuracy, and reliability. Modern Quality Control tools are a combination of traditional methodologies and innovative technologies designed to enhance the quality management process.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objectives of this course is enable the student to

- Explain the basic Quality concepts and its objectives.
- Explain the Total Quality Management Principles.
- To learn the concept and properties of various Continuous improvement methods.
- Appreciate the benefits of implementing 5S, Kaizen concepts.
- Collect and classify various data.
- Determine the process capability of a manufacturing process through the construction of various control charts for variables and attributes.
- Knowledge and practice on construction of Quality and Management tools.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student able to

CO1: Explain the Quality concepts and techniques used in industries.

CO2: Acquire knowledge about various continuous improvement methods and its implementation techniques.

CO3: Interpret types of data on various control charts for improving the process.

CO4: Create QC charts using Seven tools of quality for problem solving and continuous improvement processes.

CO5: Adopt the seven management tools to identify improvement opportunities and developimplementation plans.



1020235331	MODERN OC TOOLS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### **Pre-requisites**

Knowledge of basic Science

#### CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	PO4	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	1	-	1	1	2	1
C02	3	2	1	1	2	1	1
C03	2	2	1	2	1	1	1
C04	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
C05	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### Instructional Strategy

Active Learning: Activities for active learning can include think-pair-share strategies as well askinesthetic learning environment. Teachers can start a discussion to make sure students take ownership over their own participation and talk through new ideas and skills with peers. Teachers guide students as they construct their own knowledge and understanding.

Hands-on-Training: Conduct demonstrations and hands on training is all about applying the knowledge you have learned in training into practice.

Real time Learning: Instructors shall encourage the students to implement the techniques in their own place / Lab through the Industry-Institute interactions.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 marks)	)	End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (Any Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

#### Note:

 CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The



1020235331	MODERN OC TOOLS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below. Each experiment procedure and steps should be completed on the day of practice. Thesame shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually in the documents.

The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

SI.No.	Description	Marks
А	Aim / Description	10
В	Procedure	20
С	Presentation	30
D	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
Е	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

## **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**



1020235331	MODERN OC TOOLS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

## **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

## Syllabus Contents.

Unit I	BASICS OF QUALITY CONCEPTS				
Definitions o	f the terms – Inspection, Quality, Quality Planning , Quality Control ,	6			
Quality Assu	rance , Quality Management - Dimensions of quality –Basics of Total				
Quality- Quality Statements - Strategic Planning - Evolution of Quality Management					
– Quality Awards - Introduction to TQM – Pillars of TQM - Characteristics – Basic					
concepts - (	Quality Objectives – Team Building - Barriers to TQM implementation –				
Potential ber	nefits of TQM – Quality council – Duties – Responsibilities –Strategic				
planning –	Factors influencing Quality Costs - Customer Focus – Employee				
Involvement					
Unit II	CONTINUOUS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT				
Input / Outpu	It process model – Juran Trilogy – PDCA (Deming Wheel) cycle – 5S	6			
Concepts – S	EIRI, SEITON, SEISO, SEIKETSU and SHITSUKE – needs and objectives				
- effective in	nplementation of 5S concepts in an organisation – Kaizen – Gemba				
Kaizen – Housekeeping- Quality Circles and the Trade Unions – Reengineering -					
Characteristic	s- Advantages -Criticism of Reengineering-Supplier relationship				
Unit III	STATISTICAL PROCESS CONTROL				



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

Definition – Statistics Data- definition , types and uses. Measures of general Tendency	6			
and Dispersion – Mean – Median – Mode –Introduction to measures of dispersion –				
Population and Sample - Statistical Process Control and SQC definition- Process				
Capability - Sampling -Control Charts and its types - Comparison of Variable and				
attributes – X bar and R (Problems) , Attributes – p , np				
and c ChartsProcess capability analysis , Definition, steps and its uses.				
Unit IV SEVEN TOOLS OF QUALITY				
Seven tools of quality (Q-7 tools) - Check sheet - Histogram - Cause and effect	6			
diagram - Pareto diagram – Scatter diagram - Flow charts – Control charts -				
Construction of above tools , types , Uses and Limitations				
Unit V NEW SEVEN MANAGEMENT TOOLS , QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	ИS			
New seven management tools- Flow and its uses - Affinity diagram – Interrelationship				
digraph or Relationship diagram - Tree diagram - Matrix Diagram-Prioritization				
matrices – Process decision program chart – Activity networkdiagramConstruction	6			
of above diagrams.				
Six sigma -Objectives , Methodology and Benefits - DMAIC -Quality Management				
System – ISO 9000 , ISO 14000 Documentation and Implementation – Total				
Productive Maintenance – Concepts and Needs.				
Theory portions	30			
Practical Exercise	20			
Revision + Test	10			
Total	60			

## PRACTICAL EXERCISE

- 1. The Six Sigma process typically follows the DMAIC framework: Define, Measure, Analyze, Improve, and Control.
- 2. Write the detailed steps for Lean Manufacturing.
- 3. Explain the statistical methods to monitor and control a process in SPC.



1020235331	MODERN OC TOOLS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

- 4. Write steps to practice kaizen.
- 5. Write the procedure to followed for Failure Mode and Effects Analysis (FMEA)
- 6. Write the step by procedure for the RCA method of problem-solving.
- 7. Implement 5S on the shop floor and document the details.
- 8. Create the SPC for the dataset. Use control charts
- 9. Carry out the Root Cause Analysis (RCA) for the sample
- 10. Carry out Pareto Analysis. and document the finding.

## Suggested List of Students Activity

Quality Audits and Inspections:

- Participating in regular quality audits and inspections of manufacturing processes and products.
- Learning to use inspection tools and techniques to identify defects and ensure compliance with quality standards.
- Documenting findings and suggesting improvements to enhance product quality.

Statistical Process Control (SPC) Projects:

- Using SPC tools to monitor and control manufacturing processes.
- Collecting and analyzing data to identify trends, variations, and potential issues.
- Implementing corrective actions based on data analysis to maintain consistent product quality.

Root Cause Analysis (RCA) and Problem-Solving Activities:

- Engaging in RCA to investigate quality issues and determine their underlying causes.
- Using problem-solving methodologies such as the 5 Whys, Fishbone Diagrams, and Failure Mode and Effects Analysis (FMEA).
- Developing and implementing action plans to prevent recurrence of quality issues.

Lean Manufacturing and Continuous Improvement Initiatives:

- Participating in Lean Manufacturing activities to eliminate waste and improve efficiency.
- Engaging in continuous improvement projects such as Kaizen events, 5S implementation, and value stream mapping.



1020235331	MODERN OC TOOLS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

• Contributing to the development of standard operating procedures (SOPs) and best practices to sustain high-quality standards.

#### Reference

- 1. "Quality Control and Total Quality Management" by P.L. Jain, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- "Total Quality Management" by Dale H. Besterfield, Carol Besterfield-Michna, Glen H. Besterfield, Mary Besterfield-Sacre, Pearson Education.
- 3. "Statistical Quality Control" by Eugene L. Grant, Richard S. Leavenworth, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- "Total Quality Management: Principles and Practice" by S. K. Mandal, Vikas Publishing House.
- 5. "Six Sigma for Business Excellence: Approach, Tools and Applications" by Hemant Urdhwareshe, Pearson Education
- "Quality Assurance and Quality Control in the Analytical Chemical Laboratory: A Practical Approach, Second Edition" by Piotr Konieczka, Jacek Namieśnik, CRC Press (Distributed in India).

## END SEMESTER EXAMINATION QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam

## Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

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**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

## Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020235332	COMPOSITE MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Introduction

The field of composite materials has seen significant advancements. The development of new composite manufacturing techniques has made it feasible to modify the characteristics of traditional materials to meet specifications. Diploma holders in this course are required to make use of different composite materials and its manufacturing techniques for different end use applications. To do this, it is essential to instruct them on the fundamentals of metal matrix composites, ceramic composites, polymer matrix composites, and more modern advanced composites, as well as their properties, production methods, and mechanical testing applications. This course seeks to increase understanding of the several types of composite materials used in industries, including their types, testing, and applications.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to prepare the student.

- To understand the types of composite materials, matrix, and reinforcements.
- To equip with knowledge on polymer matrix composites and their production
- To impart knowledge in the manufacturing process and application of various types of metal matrix composites and ceramic composites.
- To become familiar with the recent developments in polymer composite manufacturing.
- To acquire knowledge of selecting suitable composites for industrial applications and the response of composite structures subjected to mechanical loading.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

CO1: Identify the types of composites and the properties of matrix and reinforcements.

CO2: Familiarize the methods used to manufacture polymer matrix composites(PMC) and its applications in different environments.

CO3: Explain the manufacturing methods, concepts and applications of metal matrix composite(MMC) and ceramics composites.

CO4: Explain the recent development in composite manufacturing and its applications.

CO5: Apply the concept of composite materials for various applications with the support of mechanical testing.



1020235332	COMPOSITE MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### **Pre-requisites**

Knowledge about the different materials, Basic Chemistry. Material Science

#### CO/PO Mapping

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3			1			1
C02	3			1			1
C03	3			1			1
C04	3			1			1
C05	3			1			1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation1

#### Instructional Strategy

It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn. Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.

Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.

Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.

Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.

All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 marks)		End
					Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination
					(60 marks)
	Written Test	Written Test		Written Test	Written
	Theory	Theory	Practical Test	(Complete	Examination
Mode		(Another Two			(Complete
	(Ally Two		(All Exercises)	Deutieure)	Theory
	Units)	Units)		Portions)	Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted	10	10	15	15	60
to	10	10	15	15	00
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	
Schedule					

Note:

 CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The



1020235332	COMPOSITE MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

## The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise the procedure and steps should be completed on the day of practice.

The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually in the documents.

The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

SI.No.	Description	Marks
Α	Aim / Description	10
В	Procedure / Tools used / Implementation	20
С	Presentation / Report	30
D	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
E	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

## **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

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1020235332	COMPOSITE MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

## **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

#### Syllabus Contents.

UNIT - I	INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITES	
Fundament	tals of composites-matrix and reinforcements	6
Matrix-	Types of Matrix-Polymer matrix composites(PMC)-Metal Matrix	
Composite	es(MMC)-Ceramics Matrix Composites- Concepts and different application	
Reinforcen	nents-Basic requirements of selection of Reinforcements-Types of	
Reinforcen	nents-Whiskers-Glass Fiber-Carbon fibers-Aramid fibers-Ceramic	
fibers-prop	erties and applications.	
UNIT-II	MANUFACTURING OF POLYMER MATRIX COMPOSITES	
Types of I	PPC manufacturing methods- Hand layup- Spray Layup-Compression	6
Moulding-S	Sheet forming-Pultrusions-hot press and Autoclave-Filament	
Winding-Ba	sic principles, construction and application of PPC.	



1020235332	COMPOSITE MATERIALS	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

	MANUFACTURING OF METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES (MMC) AN	D			
	CERAMICS MATRIX COMPOSITES (CMC)				
MMC man	ufacturing methods- Casting methods- Gravity and low pressure die-squeeze	6			
–spray forming-thixo-moulding- basic principles construction and applications					
CMC mar	ufacturing Methods-Reaction Sintering-Electro Deposition-Spray				
forming-inf	Itration- basic principles construction and applications				
UNIT-IV	RECENT DEVELOPMENT IN COMPOSITE MANUFACTURING				
Advanced	composites-self healing composites-micro and	6			
nano-comp	osites-biodegradable composites-left handed composites-stiffer than stiff				
composite	s-carbon and carbon composites- process, applications and				
limitations					
UNIT-V	SELECTION OF COMPOSITES AND MECHANICAL TESTING				
Selection of	of composites for industrial applicationsdesign and process selectionfor	6			
new applic	ations- Daily usage-automobile sectors- aerospace - Product examples and				
application	IS.				
Mechanica	testing of Composites-Tensile testing-fatigue testing (three-point bend				
test)-Toug	nness mechanism-basic testing procedure, equipment used and test				
application	IS.				
Practical e	xercise	20			
Exercise 1	Material Properties Comparison.				
Exercise 2	Composite Material Selection.				
Exercise 3:	Hand Lay-Up Process.				
Exercise 4	: Mechanical Testing - Test and analyze the mechanical properties of				
composite materials.					
Exercise 5: Finite Element Analysis (FEA)					
<b>Exercise 6:</b> Micromechanics Analysis - Explore the microscale interactions within					
composite	materials.				
	ASSESSMENT TEST AND REVISION	10			
	TOTAL	60			



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## Suggested List of Students Activity

- 1. Visit the composite laboratory.
- 2. Identify the composite materials used in the Automobile industries.

#### Reference

- 1. Suresh, S., Martensen, A., and Needleman, A., "Fundamentals of Metal MatrixComposites", Butterworth, Heinemann, 2013.ISBN: 0080523714, 9780080523712.
- Strong, A. Brent, "Fundamentals of Composites Manufacturing : Materials, Methods and Applications", First Edition, Society of Manufacturing Engineers, 2008, ISBN 13: 9780872638549.
- 3. Ru-Min Wang, Shui-Rong Zheng, Ya-Ping Zheng, "Polymer Matrix Composites and Tchnology", First Edition, Woodhead publisher, 2011, ISBN:978-0-85709-221-2.

#### **ONLINE WEB REFERENCES**

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104229/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104168
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/101/104/101104010/

## List of Equipments Required

Computer - 10 Nos. Kit and setup required for the Composite Layup. Software required for the FEA.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

#### END SEMESTER EXAMINATION QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1025235333	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION -	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	2	0	2	3

## **INTRODUCTION:**

Understand the basic concepts of process Planning and estimation and apply different methods of cost estimation in different manufacturing shops and learn the concepts of process planning and cost estimation in competitive manufacturing systems and organizations.

## COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of the course is

- 1. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of various manufacturing processes, including machining, casting, forming, welding
- 2. To enable students to select the most appropriate manufacturing processes for a given product and sequence them in an efficient manner.
- 3. To familiarize students with the selection and use of tools, equipment, and machinery required for manufacturing operations.
- 4. To enable students to estimate manufacturing costs accurately.
- 5. To enable students to calculate machining time for various machining operations.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- On successful completion of the course, the students are able to
- **C01:** Select the process, equipment, and tools for various industrial products.
- **CO2:** Prepare process planning activity chart.
- **CO3:** Explain the concept of cost estimation.
- **CO4:** Compute the job order cost for different types of shop floor.
- **C05:** Calculate the machining time for various machining operations.

#### **PRE-REQUISITES:**

Mathematical skills, Manufacturing processes.



1025235333		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	2	0	2	3

#### **CO/PO MAPPING:**

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3	2	2	3	2	2	1
C02	3	2	3	3	-	1	-
C03	3	1	1	3	1	-	2
CO4	3	-	2	2	-	-	-
C05	3	-	3	2	-	-	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY:**

- Formal face-to-face lectures.
- Present students with the problems related to process planning and cost estimation and guide them through the process of solving those problems.
- Provide opportunities for students to work in a laboratory setting where they can experiment with different process planning tools and techniques.
- Teachers can start a discussion to make sure students take ownership over their own participation and talk through new ideas and skills with peers.
- Teachers guide students as they construct their own knowledge and understanding.
- Active Learning: Activities for active learning can include think-pair-share strategies.



1025235333		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	2	0	2	3

## ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY:

	CONTINUO	JS ASSESSMEN	T (40 MARKS)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (Any Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6 <sup>th</sup> Week	12 <sup>th</sup> Week	15 <sup>th</sup> Week	16 <sup>th</sup> Week	

## NOTE:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.



1025235333	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

• CA 3: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test.

The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

## The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be written in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually in the documents.

The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

S.NO.	S.NO. DESCRIPTION	
Α	Aim / Description	10
В	B Procedure / Formulae used	
C	Calculation / Report	20
D	Result	10
E	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	100	

## **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

DPF

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1025235333	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

• CA4: Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

**Question Pattern:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

#### Syllabus Contents

Unit I	INTRODUCTION TO PROCESS PLANNING	
<b>Theory:</b> Aims and c interpretatior	objectives, Place of process planning in manufacturing cycle, drawing n, Dimensional tolerance vs Production processes.	6
Practical: 1. Study	of various process plans for a product from manufacturing industries.	2
Unit II	PROCESS PLANNING STEPS	
<b>Theory:</b> Design of a parameters- tools, docun Planning (CA	process plan – selection of production processes, tools, and process positioning and work holding devices, selection of inspection devices and nenting the process plan, simple case studies. Computer-Aided Process PP) – benefits, architecture, and approaches.	6
<b>Practical:</b> 2. Preparatio	n of process planning sheet for new product design.	2
Unit III	INTRODUCTION TO COST ESTIMATION	
<b>Theory:</b> Importance,1 ladder of co	types, purpose, components, procedure, classification of costs, cost elements, ost – material cost determination of direct material cost – labour cost,	



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

DPE

								-
	1025235	5333		L	Т	Р	С	
	PRACTIC		ROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	2	0	2	3	
d	eterminatio	on of di	irect labour cost- over heads – classification of c	verhea	ad exp	enses	6	
d	epreciation	n- metho	ods of depreciation – allocation of overhead exp	enses	, breal	k-even		
а	nalysis.							
Ρ	ractical:							
3	<ol><li>Study on elements of cost in a manufacturing sector and their analysis</li></ol>						4	
4	. Break-eve	en analys	sis.					
	Unit IV	PRODU	JCTION COST ESTIMATION					
Т	heory:						Τ	
Estimation of production cost for - casting processes, estimation in welding shop – arc						6		
welding – gas welding –flame cutting-estimation of metal forming–forging –forging losses								
-	estimation	in found	dry shop – moulding – pattern making.					
Ρ	ractical:							
5	. Productio	on cost e	estimation of welding processes.					
6	. Productio	on cost e	estimation of foundry processes shop.				4	
_	Unit V	ESTIMA	ATION OF MACHINING TIME AND COST					
Т	heory:						Τ	
E	stimation o	of machi	ining time – lathe operations, drilling, milling, shaping	g and p	lannin	g, and	6	
g	rinding, cos	st estim	ation for machining processes.					
Ρ	ractical:							
7	. Machining	g time a	nd cost calculation of shaping process.					
8	. Machining	g time a	nd cost calculation of welding process.				8	
9	. Machining	g time a	nd cost calculation of milling process.					
1	0. Machinir	ng time	and cost calculation of drilling process					
╞			ASSESSMENT	TEST	AND R	EVISION	<b>v</b> 10	
╞					То	tal hour	s 60	
1							1	



## SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENTS ACTIVITY:

- Begin with an overview of what process planning and cost estimation entail. Explain why they are important in various industries.
- Present real-world case studies where process planning, and cost estimation were crucial. Analyze the factors that influenced the success or failure of the projects.
- Discuss the role of risk management in process planning and cost estimation. Explore techniques for identifying, assessing, and mitigating risks that could impact project costs.

#### **TEXTBOOKS & REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Process and operation planning Gideon Halevi Kluwer academic Publishers (Printedbook),2003.
- 2. Process Planning and Cost Estimation M.Adithan New Age International Publishers, 2007.
- Estimating and Costing for the Metal Manufacturing Industries Robert Creese, M.Adithan, B.S.Pabla - Marcel Dekker,1992.
- 4. Manufacturing Processes and Systems, 9th Edition Phillip F. Ostwald, Jairo Munoz Wiley student edition, 2008.
- 5. Production and Costing, 7th edition G.B.S.Narang, V.Kumar Khanna Publishers, 2013.

## WEB-BASED/ONLINE RESOURCES:

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLFQ4-HFt2IjT8oFa7xpMioJPofxfU1-ux

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dje\_JXy-CDo

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H6ww3eKJYhU

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLjfFVTFoi1tW2A9Su3IcB5KweU1IQw63M



DPE

1025235333	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

## **EQUIPMENTS REQUIRED:**

S. NO	NAMEOF THE EQUIPMENT	QTY
1.	Stopwatch	8 Nos.
2.	Welding Setup	2 Nos.
3.	Foundry Shop	2 Nos.
4.	Lathe	6 Nos.
5.	Drilling Machine	2 Nos.
6.	Shaping Machine	2 Nos.
7.	Milling Machine	2 Nos.

## **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN – THEORY EXAM**

#### **Duration: 3 Hours.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

## Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020235334	VALUE ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Introduction

Value engineering is a systematic, organized approach to providing necessary functions in a project at the lowest cost. Value engineering promotes the substitution of materials and methods with less expensive alternatives, without sacrificing functionality. It is focused solely on the functions of various components and materials, rather than their physical attributes.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student

- 1. To learn the value engineering methodology.
- 2. To learn how to manage value in projects.
- 3. To obtain industry-related experience in applying value engineering methods.

#### **Course Outcome**

After successful completion of this course, the students can be able to

CO1: Explain the concepts, techniques and applications of value engineeringCO2:

Describe job plan of value engineering.

CO3: Illustrate different value engineering techniques and versatility of value engineering.

CO4: Explain the efforts of value engineering team during the process of value engineering

CO5: Select suitable recent design tools and operating methods.

## Prerequisites

Element of Machine Design, Re engineering, CAD/CAM, Quality Management.



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1020235334	VALUE ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

## **CO-PO Mapping**

CO/PO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3		1	-	1		
CO2	3		1	1	1		
CO3	3		1	1	1		
CO4	3		1	1	1		
C05	3		1		1		

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## Assessment Methodology:

	Co	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 marks)		End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (Any Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	



1020235334	VALUE ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Note:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

 CA 3: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark. Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

## The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be written in a separate notebook / printed manual / file. The reading and calculations and graph/ should be written by the student manually. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.



1020235334	VALUE ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

SI.No.	Description	Marks
Α	Aim / Description	10
В	Procedure	20
С	Presentation / Report	20
D	Result	10
Е	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

## Question Pattern:

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020235334	VALUE ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

## **Syllabus Contents**

THEORY		
Unit I	INTRODUCTION OF VALUE ENGINEERING	
Value	engineering (VE), concepts, advantages, applications, problem recognition,and	6
role in	productivity, criteria for comparison, element of choice.	
Organi	zation: Level of value engineering in the organization, size and skill of VE	
staff, s	mall plant, VE activity, unique and quantitative evaluation of ideas.	
Unit II	VALUE ENGINEERING JOB PLAN	
Introduo	ction, orientation, information phase, speculation phase, analysis phase.	6
Selectio	on and Evaluation of value engineering Projects, Project selection, methods	
selectio	n, value standards, application of value engineering methodology	
Unit III	VALUE ENGINEERING TECHNIQUES	
Selecti	ng products and operation for value engineering action, value engineering	6
progra	mme, determining and evaluating function(s) assigning rupee equivalents,	
develo	ping alternate means to required functions, Decision making for optimum	
alterna	tive, use of decision matrix, queuing theory and Monte Carlo method make	
or buy,	measuring profits, reporting results, Follow up, Use of advanced technique	
like Fu	nction Analysis System.	
Unit IV	VERSATILITY OF VALUE ENGINEERING	
Value	engineering operation in maintenance and repair activities, value	6
enginee	ring in non-hardware projects. Initiating a value engineering programme:	
Introduction, training plan, career development for value engineering specialties.		
Unit V	VALUE ENGINEERING LEVEL OF EFFORT	
Value	engineering team, co-coordinator, designer, different services, definitions,	6
constr	uction management contracts, value engineering three case studies.	



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

Practical Exercises: Value engineering in mechanical engineering aims to optimize the	20
value of products or processes by improving their functionality, quality, and cost-	
effectiveness. Here are some practical exercises tailored for value engineering	
mechanical engineering:	

Exercise 1: Product Analysis and Cost Breakdown:

Exercise: Select a mechanical product or component (e.g., gearbox, pump, conveyor system) and conduct a detailed analysis of its design, materials, manufacturing processes, and associated costs.

Task students with identifying opportunities for cost reduction while maintaining or improving product performance and reliability.

Encourage students to create cost breakdowns and conduct comparative analyses with alternative materials, manufacturing methods, or design modifications.

Exercise 2: Function Analysis and Functional Decomposition:

Exercise: Choose a mechanical system or assembly and perform a functional analysis to identify its primary functions, sub-functions, and interrelationships.

Instruct students to decompose the system into its constituent functions and evaluate each function's importance in meeting user requirements.

Task students with brainstorming alternative design solutions or modifications that optimize functionality and eliminate unnecessary features or costs.

Exercise 3: Value Stream Mapping (VSM):

Exercise: Provide students with a manufacturing process map or workflow diagram for a mechanical component or assembly.

Guide students through the process of creating a value stream map to visualize material and information flow, process cycle times, and areas of waste or inefficiency.

Encourage students to identify opportunities for streamlining processes, reducing lead times, and eliminating non-value-added activities to enhance overall value.

Exercise 4: Design for Manufacturability (DFM) Analysis:

Exercise: Assign students a mechanical part or assembly and instruct them to perform a Design for Manufacturability (DFM) analysis.


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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

Have students evaluate the design for factors such as ease of manufacturing, assembly, and serviceability, as well as opportunities for standardization and part consolidation.

Task students with proposing design modifications or optimizations that simplify manufacturing processes, reduce material waste, and lower production costs.

Exercise 5: Cost-Benefit Analysis and Trade-off Studies:

Exercise: Present students with a design scenario involving conflicting objectives, such as reducing product cost versus improving performance.

Guide students through conducting a cost-benefit analysis to quantify the financial impact of different design alternatives.

Encourage students to perform trade-off studies to assess the trade-offs between cost, performance, quality, and other key factors, ultimately identifying the most cost-effective solution.

Exercise 6: Supplier and Material Selection Optimization:

Exercise: Provide students with a list of potential suppliers and materials for a mechanical component or system.

Instruct students to evaluate supplier capabilities, material properties, lead times, and costs to identify the most suitable options.

Task students with negotiating with suppliers, exploring bulk purchasing discounts, and optimizing material selection to minimize procurement costs while ensuring quality and reliability.

Exercise 7: Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA):

Exercise: Assign students a mechanical product or system and instruct them to perform a Lifecycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) considering all costs incurred throughout its lifecycle, including acquisition, operation, maintenance, and disposal.

Guide students through quantifying and comparing the total cost of ownership for different design alternatives, highlighting opportunities for long-term cost savings and value optimization.

Test + Revision	10
Total	60



### Suggested list of Students Activity

- 1. Check the web portal to study the material to identify the role and requirement of Value Engineering.
- 2. Periodical quizzes should be conducted on a weekly/fortnightly basic to reinforce the useof Value Engineering.
- 3. Students might be asked to visit the mechanical heavy vehicle component manufacturing industry to find the value engineering implementation.

### **Reference Books**

- 1. Richard Park, "Value Engineering: A Plan for Invention", St. Lucie Press, 1999.
- 2. Del L. Younker, "Value Engineering analysis and methodology", Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2004.
- 3. Anil Kumar Mukhopadhyaya, "Value Engineering Mastermind: From concept toValue Engineering Certification", SAGE Publications, 2003
- 4. Anil Kumar Mukhopadhyaya, "Value Engineering: Concepts Techniques and applications", SAGE Publications 2010

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATION QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

### Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



#### Introduction

This course explores present manufacturing practices that produce products without much pollution. Green manufacturing refers to the regeneration of production methods and the establishment of ecologically sustainable businesses in the manufacturing industry. In simple terms, it is the "greening" of manufacturing, whereby employees recycle and reuse materials, cut down on waste and pollution, use less natural resources, and decrease emissions during production.

### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to prepare the student.

- To introduce the concept of green manufacturing
- To impart knowledge of pollution and measurement of carbon emissions.
- To become familiar with the recent developments in life cycle management.
- To acquire knowledge of selecting suitable materials, methods, and recycling to make green manufacturing

### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

CO1: Explain the importance of tools and Techniques used in green manufacturing CO2: Familiarize the causes of industrial air pollutants and methods to measure them in different environments.

CO3: Explain the causes and effects of sound and water pollution.

CO4: Describe the recent developments in life cycle assessment and its implementation.CO5: Apply the concept of green manufacturing designs to suitable for an environment

### **Pre-requisites**

Knowledge of basic chemistry and metrology.



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

### CO/PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07
C01	3				1	-	1
CO2	3				1	-	1
CO3	3				1	-	1
CO4	3				1	-	1
CO5	3				1	-	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Instructional Strategy

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.

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PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

# Assessment Methodology:

	Co	ontinuous Asses	sment (40 marks)		End
					Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination
					(60 marks)
	Written Test	Written Test		Written Test	Written
	Theory	Theory		(Complete	Examination
		(Another Two	Practical Test	Theory	(Complete
Mode				Dortiona)	Theory
	Units)	Onits)		Fortions)	Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative	6th Wook	12th Wook	15th Wook	16th Wook	
Schedule	OUT WEEK			TOUT WEEK	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked; students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

**The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.** Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be written in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The reading and calculations and graph/ should be written by the student manually in the documents. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.



PRA	CTI	CL	M

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

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### SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test

SI.No.	Description	Marks
Α	Aim / Description	10
В	Procedure	20
С	Presentation / Report	30
D	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
E	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each. Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

### Syllabus Contents.

UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO GREEN MANUFACTURING	
THEORY:		6
Green Ma	anufacturing-Definition-History and evolution of green manufacturing.	
Factors af	fecting GM- Environmental Impact of Manufacturing, Strategies for Green	
Manufactu	iring.	
Tools & to	echniques required -Environmental Conscious, Design for Environment.	
Design for	r recycling, Eco friendly Product design methods- Environmental Impact	
assessme	nt methods and Standards.	



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3
					0
I PRACTICAL:					3

**Exercise 1:** Prepare a case study about implementation of green manufacturing. (The students will have to identify smaller problems from industries / research / academic organizations pertaining to green manufacturing, analyze and offer solutions to the problems identified based on the knowledge acquired)

UNIT-II	INDUSTRIAL AIR POLLUTANTS
---------	---------------------------

Pollutants-Primary and Secondary Pollutants, Automobile Pollutants, Industrial Pollution, Ambient air quality Standards, Metrological aspects of air Pollution, Temperature lapse Rates and Stability- wind velocity and Turbulence-Pump behavior dispersion of air Pollutants.

6

2

6

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Measurement of air Pollution-Air pollution sampling-collection of gaseous air pollutants-collection of particulate pollutants-stock sampling, analysis of air

pollutants-sulfur dioxide-nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxidants and ozone.

UNIT-III	NOISE & WATER	POI	ппт			
concentration in IC Engine Exhaust.						
Exercise	2: Determination	of	СО	and	CO2 and unburned hydrocarbons	
PRACTIC	AL:					

### THEORY:

THEORY:

Noise pollution in Industries- Frequency and Sound Levels- Effect of human, Environment and properties, Natural and Androgenic Noise Sources-Measuring Instruments for frequency and Noise levels- Masking of sound.

Water Pollution-Major pollutants of Water- Contaminants in water, Nitrates, Fluorides, Detergents, taste and odour, Radioactivity in water- Criteria, for different impurities in water- Water Quality requirement for industry Uses-Measurement of water pollution.



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

6

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PRACTICAL:	
Exercise 3: To estimate	Т

**Exercise 3:** To estimate Total Dissolved Solids (DO)and PH value of water supplied to the heat exchanger of any machine.

**Exercise 4:** Determination of hardness (temporary, permanent and total) of domestic and industrial waters.

**Exercise 5:** Experiment on Industrial noise measurement in any production laboratory.

**Exercise 6:** Free and forced vibration measurement on simple cantilever beams / Machine members.

UNIT-IV LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT
-------------------------------

### THEORY:

Life cycle assessment - Principles of Life cycle assessment; Product Life Cycle Assessment -Triple bottom line approach; Industrial Ecology- Ecological footprinting -Future role of LCA - measurement techniques and reporting. Clean Energy Supply - Green Manufacturing through Clean Energy Supply - Clean

Energy Technologies, Application - Potential of Clean Energy.

Characteristics of Green manufacturing processes - Energy efficiency analysis of green manufacturing processes - Sustainability analysis and Scope of green

manufacturing centers.

## PRACTICAL:

**Exercise 7:** Estimate the Energy requirement of any production machines.

**Exercise 8:** Machining under different cooling strategy and estimate the Coolant life management.



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

UNIT-V	ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECT OF GREEN MANUFACTURING DESIGN	
THEORY:		6
Green Manu	facturing Assessment -Concept Models and Various Approaches,	
Product Sust	ainability and Risk/Benefit assessment; Corporate Social Responsibility.	
Environment	al effects of design -Selection of natural friendly material - Eco design	
- Environme	ntal Damage- Material flow and cycles - Material recycling - Emission	
less manufac	cturing- Reduction of toxic emission – design for recycle.	
PRACTICAL	.:	3
Exercise 9:	Estimate the power consumption of spindle and feed drive units power	
measuremer	nt in center lathe / CNC turning or milling machine. (Consider a typical	
component	and record the power using power sensor under different operation	
conditions ar	nd evaluate the energy consumption and efficiency of the process)	
	Test + Revision	10
	Total	60

### Suggested List of Students Activity

- The students will have to identify a larger problem from industries/research/academic organizations pertaining to green manufacturing, analyze it, and offer solutions to the problems identified based on the knowledge acquired.
- The students have to create a graphical diagram that shows the environmental challenges in the manufacturing shop or laboratory tool room. Suggest the remedial measure.
- Students must keep track of the percentage of air pollutants in the classroom. Create a comparison chart for a month.

#### Reference

- Gradel.T.E. and B.R. Allenby Industrial Ecology Prentice Hall 2010
- World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED), Our Common Future, Oxford University Press 2005.



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PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

- Rao M.N. and Dutta A.K. "Wastewater treatment", Oxford & IBH publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, Second Edition, 2006
- Rao CS Environmental Pollution Control Engineering-, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- Canter, R.L., "Environmental Impact Assessment", McGraw Hill Inc., New Delhi, 1996.
- Shukla, S.K. And Srivastava, P.R., "Concepts In Environmental Impact Analysis", Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi, 1992.

### Web-based/Online Resources

- https://www.epa.gov/green-engineering/about-green-engineering
- https://ceat.okstate.edu/che/site\_files/docs/david-t-allen.pdf
- Green engineering principles and applications, DOI:10.13140/RG.2.2.19639.65449
- https://www.vssut.ac.in/lecture\_notes/lecture1424353637.pdf
- https://joycelau99.wordpress.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/10/introduction-to-environmenta lengineering.pdf
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104225
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/110/104/110104119
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CsqECIHQBCI&list=PLx3rZEiwFTIO\_2\_STJGSsq9Mya7kjQVCy
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ri9rcXxcKdA



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

#### Instruments/Facilities required to conduct the practical sessions

SI.No	Equipment/ Instruments required	Quantity
		Required
1	Sound level Meter(SLM)/ Integrating Sound Level Meter(ISLM)	01
2	CO <sub>2</sub> Meter	01
3	CO Meter	01
4	pH meter	01
5	TDS meter	01
6	Energy meter	01
7	Vibration meter	01
8	Water hardness test kit	01
9	Other metrology instruments(Vernier calliper, thermometer etc)	As reqd

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATION QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

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Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020235336	LEAN MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

### Introduction

Lean Manufacturing is a systematic approach to minimizing waste within a manufacturing system while simultaneously maximizing productivity. Originating from the Toyota Production System (TPS), lean manufacturing principles focus on creating more value for customers with fewer resources.

At its core, lean manufacturing aims to streamline production processes, reduce costs, and improve quality by eliminating non-value-added activities. This is achieved through various techniques and tools that emphasize continuous improvement, such as 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain), Kaizen (continuous improvement), Value Stream Mapping, and Just-In-Time (JIT) production.

For diploma engineering students, learning about lean manufacturing provides essential skills and knowledge to optimize production processes, enhance operational efficiency, and contribute to the overall competitiveness of a manufacturing enterprise. By understanding and applying lean principles, students can play a pivotal role in transforming traditional manufacturing setups into more agile, responsive, and waste-free operations.

#### **Course Objectives**

It is desired that at the end of the course, the student will be equipped with the basic knowledge of lean manufacturing, tools, techniques and implementation outcomes.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

CO1: Explain the importance of tools used in lean manufacturing.

CO2: Explain the importance of tools and technique of TQM.

CO3: Understand the objective and functions of TPM.

CO4: Describe the Design of Experiments, Designing for Quality, and Quality in Service Sectors.

CO5: Apply the concept of six sigma and quality circle.



1020235336	LEAN MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

### **CO/PO Mapping**

C0 / P0	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07
C01	3				1	-	1
C02	3				1	-	1
C03	3				1	-	1
CO4	3				1	-	1
C05	3				1	-	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Instructional Strategy

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosityto learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Ρ	С
2	0	2	3

### Assessment Methodology:

	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)						
					Semester		
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination		
					(60 marks)		
	Written Test	Written Test		Written Test	Written		
	Theory	Theory	Practical Test	(Complete	Examination		
Mode		(Another Two		Theory	(Complete		
			(All Exercises)		Theory		
	Units)	Units)		Portions)	Portions)		
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours		
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100		
Converted	10	10	15	15	60		
to	10	10	15	15	00		
Marks	1	0	15	15	60		
Tentative	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week			
Schedule	ULI WEEK	1201 WEEK		TOUTWEEK			

Note:

 CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The



1020235336	LEAN MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

### The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The Procedure, steps, observations and report should be written by the student manually in the documents. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

SI.No.	Description	Marks
A	Aim / Description	10
В	Procedure / Steps	20
С	Presentation / Report	30
E	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

### **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**



1020235336	LEAN MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

### Syllabus Contents.

UNIT I	Introduction		
Lean Mar	nufacturing: Introduction, Definitions of Lean manufacturing, explaining	6	
basic con	cepts. Overview of historical development. Management theory.		
Primary Tools of Lean manufacturing: 5-S, Workplace organization, Total Productive			
Maintenar	nce, Process mapping - Value stream mapping, Work cell.		
Secondary	y Tools of Lean manufacturing: Objective and benefits of Secondary lean		
tool, Caus	se and Effect diagram, Pareto chart, Spider chart, Poka yoke, Kanban,		
Automation, Single minute exchange of die (SMED), Design for manufacturing and			
assembly,	Just in time (JIT), Visual workplace, OEE.		
UNIT II	Total Quality Management		
TQM Tool	s And Techniques: The seven traditional tools of quality, New management	6	
tools, and	Six sigma: Concepts, methodology, applications to manufacturing, service		
sector including IT, Benchmarking, Reason to bench mark, Benchmarking process,			
FMEA, Stages, and Types. Quality circles , Quality Function Deployment (QFD),			
Taguchi c	uality loss function, TPM ,Concepts, improvement		
needs, Co	st of Quality , Performance measures.		



1020235336	LEAN MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Ρ	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

UNIT III	Total Productive Management	
Total Proc	ductive Maintenance: Objectives and functions, Tero technology, Reliability	6
Centered	Maintenance (RCM), maintainability prediction, availability and system	
effectiver	ess, maintenance costs, maintenance organization. Minimal repair,	
maintena	nce types, balancing PM and breakdown maintenance, Primary	
and secor	ndary tool for TPM, Case studies related to TPM.	
UNIT IV	Design of Experiments, Designing for Quality, Quality in Service Sectors.	
Design of	Experiments: Introduction , Methods, Taguchi approach, Achieving robust	6
design, St	eps in experimental design	
Designing	for Quality: Introduction to Concurrent Engineering, Quality Function	
Deployme	ent (QFD) and Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA), Concept,	
Methodol	ogy and Application (with case studies).	
Quality in	Service Sectors: Characteristics of Service Sectors, Quality Dimensions	
in Service	Sectors, Measuring Quality in Different Service Sectors.	
UNIT V	Six Sigma, Quality Circle.	
Six Sigma	a: Meaning of six sigma, Why six sigma, Six sigma improvement model,	6
DMAIC a	nd DMADV principle, , building six sigma organization and culture, Six	
sigma ap	plication.	
Quality C	ircle: Quality Circle structure, Its operation, Characteristics of Quality	
Circle, dev	veloping quality circle in organization, Basic problem solving techniques.	
PRACTIC	AL EXERCISES	20
Exercise	1: Conduct a 5S audit in a specific area of the plant. Create a checklist for	
each of th	e 5S steps and evaluate and implement improvements.	
Exercise	<b>2</b> : Create a preventive maintenance plan for a critical piece of equipment.	
Documen	t the steps, schedule the maintenance tasks, and assign responsibilitiesto	
maintena	nce personnel.	



1020235336	LEAN MANUFACTURING	L	Т	Р	С	
PRACTICUM	PRACTICUM			2	3	
Exercise 3:	Identify a recurring equipment issue and organize	a Kaiz	en eve	nt to		
address it.	Use root cause analysis to identify the underly	ying pr	oblem	and		
implement a	solution using the PDCA cycle.					
Exercise 4: (	Create an SOP for a routine maintenance task.					
Exercise 5:	Root Cause Analysis with 5 Whys. Identify a spec	ific iss	ue and	ask		
"Why?" it oc	curred. Continue asking "Why?" for each answer unt	il the ro	oot cau	se is		
identified (ty	pically five times). Document the process and soluti	ons to	addres	s the		
root cause.						
Exercise 6: Pareto Chart Creation. Use the data collected on defects to create a						
Pareto chart	. List the types of defects in descending order of free	quency	and plo	t the		
cumulative percentage. Identify the top 20% of defects that cause 80% of the						
problems an	d prioritize them for improvement.					

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ASSESSMENT TEST AND REVISION	10
Total	60

### Reference

- 1. J Evans and W Linsay, The Management and Control of Quality, 6'th Edition, Thomson, 2005.
- 2. Besterfield, D H et al., "Total Quality Management", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. D. C. Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, John Wiley & Sons, 6th Edition, 2004.
- 4. K C Jain and A K Chitale , "Quality Assurance and Total Quality Management (ISO 9000, QS 9000 ISO 14000)" by, Khanna Publishers.
- 5. B. L. Hanson & P. M. Ghare, "Quality Control & Application", Prentice Hall of India.



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### END SEMESTER EXAMINATION QUESTION PATTERN – Theory Exam

#### Duration: 3 Hrs.

#### Max. Marks: 100

189

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.

